List of Tables

Table 1 Civil Engineering Major - General Option ................................................................. 230
Table 2 Civil Engineering Major - Offshore Oil and Gas Engineering Option .......................... 231
Table 3 Computer Engineering Major - General Option ......................................................... 232
Table 4 Computer Engineering Major - Offshore Oil and Gas Engineering Option .................. 233
Table 5 Electrical Engineering Major - General Option ......................................................... 234
Table 6 Electrical Engineering Major - Offshore Oil and Gas Engineering Option .................. 235
Table 7 Mechanical Engineering Major - General Option ....................................................... 236
Table 8 Mechanical Engineering Major - Offshore Oil and Gas Engineering Option ............... 237
Table 9 Ocean and Naval Architectural Engineering Major ................................................... 238
Table 10 Process Engineering Major ....................................................................................... 239
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Associate Dean (Graduate Studies)
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Associate Dean (Research)
to be determined

Acting Director, Ocean Engineering Research Centre
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Director, Industrial Outreach
to be determined

Manager, Finance and Administration
Elliott, B., B.Comm. Memorial

Manager, Engineering Laboratories
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Professor

Honorary Research Professors

Civil Engineering Discipline
Chair
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Professor

Associate Professors
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Assistant Professors

Electrical and Computer Engineering Discipline
Chair

Professors
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Vardy, A., B.Eng. Memorial, M.Sc. Sussex, Ph.D. Carleton; Joint appointment with Engineering and Computer Science
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Mechanical Engineering Discipline
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Professors
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Associate Professors
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Mann, G.K.I., B.Sc. University of Moratuwa, M.Sc. Loughborough University of Technology, Ph.D. Memorial

Assistant Professor
Ocean and Naval Architectural Engineering Discipline
Chair
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Professors
Associate Professor
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Assistant Professors
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Cross-Appointment, Adjunct, Professional Affiliate
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Byrne, R., B.Sc. (Hons.), B.Eng. Memorial, M.Sc., Ph.C. Victoria;
Cross Appointment (Computer Science)
Chen, Q., B.S. Shanghai Jiao Tong, M.S., Ph.D. Chinese Academy of Sciences; Cross Appointment (Physics and Physical Oceanography)
Derradjii-Aouati, A., B ASCE, Constantine, M.ASc., Ph.D. Ottawa; Adjunct Professor (NRC-IOT)
Gillard, P., B.Sc., M.Sc., Ph.D. Memorial; Cross Appointment (Computer Science)
Huang, W., B.S., M.S. Ph.D. Wuhan University, M.Eng. Memorial; Adjunct Professor (Rutter Technologies)
Hubbard, P., B.Sc., Eng., M.Sc.Eng. Queens, Ph.D. McGill; Adjunct Professor (NRC)
Khan, A., B.Sc. AMU, M.Sc. KFUPM, Ph.D. Memorial; Adjunct Professor (Dept. Environment and Conservation)
Kocabilyik, S., B.Sc., M.Sc. Middle East Tech., Ph.D. Western Ontario; Petro-Canada Young Innovators Award, 2000; Cross appointment with the Department of Mathematics
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Mak, L., B.Eng., M.Eng., M.B.A. Memorial; Adjunct Professor (NRC-IOT)
McGuire, P., B.Sc. Ph.D. Toronto, P.Eng; Adjunct Professor (C-CORE)
Millian, J., B.Eng., Ph.D. Memorial; P.Eng; Adjunct Professor (NRC)
Murrin, D. B.Eng., M.Eng., Ph.D. Memorial; P.Eng; Adjunct Professor (IMVPA)
Paulin, M., B.Eng., M.Eng., Ph.D. Memorial, P.Eng.; Adjunct Professor (IMVPA)
Reinhardt, W., Dipl.Ing Technische Universität, Ph.D. Waterloo; Adjunct Professor (AECL)
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Williams, F.M., B.A. Toronto, Ph.D. Simon Fraser; Adjunct Professor (NRC-IOT)

1 The Memorial University of Newfoundland Code
The attention of all members of the University Community is drawn to the section of the University Calendar titled The Memorial University of Newfoundland Code, which articulates the University’s commitment to maintaining the highest standards of academic integrity.

2 Faculty Description
The Faculty of Engineering and Applied Science offers a co-operative undergraduate program leading to the degree of Bachelor of Engineering, as well as graduate programs leading to the degrees of Master of Engineering, Master of Applied Science, Master of Engineering Management, and Doctor of Philosophy. Through teaching, research and outreach, the Faculty of Engineering plays a critical role in the economic development of the province, and graduates from the programs hold key positions in the major industrial developments in our province. A growing number of our recent graduates are leading emerging high-technology companies and hold important positions in national and international industries and governments, contributing to the University’s global impact. Research in the Faculty of Engineering and Applied Science has a strong focus on research and development opportunities associated with the general technological needs of our society. The Faculty maintains a very strong sense of identity and cooperation among students, faculty, and staff, and prides itself on its strong linkages with industry and the engineering profession.

Additional information regarding the Faculty of Engineering and Applied Science is available at www.engr.mun.ca.

Students must meet all regulations of the Faculty in addition to those stated in the general regulations. For information concerning fees and charges, admission/readmission to the University, and general academic regulations (undergraduate), refer to the UNIVERSITY REGULATIONS.

2.1 Accreditation Status
The undergraduate program offered by the Faculty of Engineering and Applied Science, other than the major in Process Engineering, is fully accredited by the Canadian Engineering Accreditation Board (CEAB) of the Canadian Council of Professional Engineers (CCPE) to June 2011. Accreditation for the Process Engineering major will be sought, in line with the normal procedures of the CEAB, in 2013.

2.2 Objectives of the Bachelor of Engineering Degree Program
The objectives of the undergraduate program is to provide students an excellent academic experience and to equip graduates with the
ability to solve a broad range of problems in our rapidly changing technological, economic and social environment. To this end, the Faculty is committed to educate graduates who have:

1. a strong foundation and knowledge in engineering fundamentals with a capacity to know how, when and where to use the knowledge in specific ways;
2. an ability to identify, formulate, analyse and solve engineering problems and a capacity to integrate material from more than one subject and to apply appropriate engineering principles to arrive at correct and effective solutions;
3. a comprehensive knowledge in the fundamentals of engineering practice, including an ability to use analytical techniques, experimental and laboratory skills and modern engineering simulation and design software tools;
4. a broad knowledge of the principles and skills in engineering design, development and management in global, cultural and business contexts;
5. a multidisciplinary view with an ability to work effectively as members of teams, composed of individuals from different disciplines and different professional cultures;
6. strong oral and written communication skills with a capacity to produce effective technical documents and to use current communication techniques and tools;
7. a culture of life-long learning with a capacity to engage in continuous self-improvement, personal enrichment and professional development; and
8. a broad sense of social, ethical and professional responsibility with a capacity to demonstrate an understanding and appreciation of the human dimension of technology and its impact on mankind.

3 Description of Program

The Bachelor of Engineering Degree at Memorial University of Newfoundland is a Co-operative Program in which regular full-time academic study is supplemented by four month periods of full-time work in positions related to the student's future career. The Bachelor of Engineering degree program is available in the following six majors: Civil Engineering, Computer Engineering, Electrical Engineering, Mechanical Engineering, Ocean and Naval Architectural Engineering, and Process Engineering.

Engineering One, the first-year of the engineering program, comprises courses in mathematics and basic science (physics and chemistry), as well as courses covering engineering fundamentals which are common to each of the majors. The engineering courses in Engineering One introduce students to engineering problem-solving, analysis, design, communication, and teamwork. Students will develop an understanding of the different engineering specialties, as well as the interdisciplinary nature of engineering practice.

The specialized major programs of Civil Engineering, Computer Engineering, Electrical Engineering, Mechanical Engineering, Ocean and Naval Architectural Engineering, and Process Engineering are offered in academic terms 3 through 8. Students in each major, except the Process Engineering major, may also choose to pursue an Offshore Oil and Gas Engineering option (OOGE) in the last three terms of the program. For specific details on each major, refer to the appropriate Program Regulations.

Electives can be tailored to meet the needs of those who plan to go straight into industry and those who wish to join the increasing number of our graduates who are pursuing advanced degrees.

All courses of the Faculty are designated by the abbreviation ENGI.

3.1 Program of Study

1. Courses in the engineering program are normally taken in blocks as shown in the appropriate program table. Students must satisfy the criteria for promotion as described below under Promotion Regulations to remain in the Engineering program.
2. The Engineering Program consists of eight academic terms and four work terms. The first-year of the Engineering Program, known as Engineering One, forms a core that is common to all majors. All students must successfully complete the requirements of Engineering One prior to being promoted to Academic Term 3.
3. In 1000 level Engineering courses, registration priority is given to students who have been admitted to Engineering One. Other students will be admitted to these courses only with the approval of the Associate Dean (Undergraduate Studies).
4. In these program regulations, including the program tables, wherever reference is made to English 1080 or Chemistry 1050, these courses may be replaced by courses deemed equivalent by the relevant academic unit.
5. Upon entering Academic Term 3, students begin to specialize in their academic program, in one of the following six majors: Civil Engineering, Computer Engineering, Electrical Engineering, Mechanical Engineering, Ocean and Naval Architectural Engineering, or Process Engineering. All Engineering students who successfully complete the Engineering One requirements during their first-year of Engineering will be guaranteed a place in Academic Term 3, although not necessarily in the preferred major as indicated under Promotion Regulations, Promotion Status (Engineering One).
6. Upon entering Academic Term 6, students in Civil Engineering, Computer Engineering, Electrical Engineering, Mechanical Engineering or Ocean and Naval Architectural Engineering may choose to pursue the Offshore Oil and Gas Engineering option (OOGE) for that major.
7. Engineering courses in Academic Term 3 and beyond (i.e., those with numbers 3000 and greater) are restricted to students who have been admitted or promoted to the appropriate academic term and major (e.g., Academic Term 3 for 3000 level courses, restricted by major). Other students will be admitted to these courses only with the approval of the Associate Dean (Undergraduate Studies) in consultation with the appropriate Discipline Chair.

Some of the courses offered in academic terms 3 to 8 are taken by all Engineering students, others are offered for more than one major, but most technical courses in academic terms 3 to 8 are specific to the individual majors. Students should refer to the program descriptions for the detailed course requirements in each phase of their program.
8. Technical elective courses may be offered in terms other than those indicated in the program tables.
9. A student who has previously met a technical elective requirement in a given semester or wishes to defer it, may request an exemption or deferral by applying to the Associate Dean (Undergraduate Studies), who will consult the appropriate Discipline Chair. A minimum grade of 60% is required for credit to be given towards a student’s engineering program for any technical elective taken outside the normal blocks as shown in the tables.
10. Students registered in Academic Term 7 of any Engineering major are eligible to apply for admission to a Master of Engineering fast-track option (M.Eng.). The purpose of the option is to encourage students interested in pursuing graduate studies to begin their graduate program while still registered as an undergraduate student. While enrolled in the option, a student may complete some of the M.Eng. Degree requirements and potentially be able to graduate earlier from the M.Eng. Program. For further details and the regulations regarding the option, refer to the School of Graduate Studies, Regulations Governing the Degree of Master of Engineering.
3.2 Complementary Studies

1. The Complementary Studies component has been developed to make students aware of the function and responsibilities of the Professional Engineer in society and the impact that engineering in all its forms has on environmental, economic, social and cultural aspects of our society. This complements the technical expertise and communications skills developed and practised in all components of the program.

2. The Complementary Studies component is the same for all programs and consists of a minimum of 21 credit hours as follows:
   - English 1080 or 1020
   - Engineering 3101
   - Engineering 4102
   - One 3 credit hour course that deals with the effect of technology on society and the environment. The course is to be chosen from Engineering 6101, Sociology 2120, Philosophy 2571 or the former Philosophy 2801, Women’s Studies 4107
   - Engineering 7102
   - One Elective course of a 3 credit hour value chosen from the arts, humanities, social sciences and management and approved by the Associate Dean (Undergraduate Studies) of the Faculty of Engineering and Applied Science. List A is an approved list of courses maintained by the Office of the Associate Dean (Undergraduate Studies) of the Faculty of Engineering and Applied Science and is available at the web site www.engr.mun.ca.
   - One Elective course of a 3 credit hour value chosen from the humanities and social sciences and approved by the Associate Dean (Undergraduate Studies) of the Faculty of Engineering and Applied Science. This course must be second-year or higher and it is intended to provide experience with the central issues, methodologies and thought processes of the humanities and social sciences. List B is an approved list of courses maintained by the Office of the Associate Dean (Undergraduate Studies) of the Faculty of Engineering and Applied Science and is available at the web site www.engr.mun.ca.

3. In order to graduate, the student must obtain an overall average of at least 60% in the 21 credit hours in Complementary Studies courses required in the program.

3.3 Bachelor of Engineering Majors

The Bachelor of Engineering degree program is available in the following six majors: Civil Engineering, Computer Engineering, Electrical Engineering, Mechanical Engineering, Ocean and Naval Architectural Engineering, and Process Engineering.

3.3.1 Civil Engineering

Civil Engineering deals with the planning, design, and construction of roads, railways, harbours, docks, tunnels, bridges, buildings, water supplies, hydroelectric power development, and sewage collection, treatment, and disposal systems.

The Civil Engineering major provides a broad introduction to the scientific principles and engineering techniques necessary for an understanding of the fundamental problems tackled by civil engineers. In Academic Term 6, students may select the Offshore Oil and Gas option (OOGE).

3.3.2 Computer Engineering

Computer Engineering is the design and analysis of computer systems applied to the solution of practical problems. It encompasses both hardware and software design in applications ranging from telecommunications and information systems to process control and avionics. Computer Engineering students learn the mathematics of discrete and continuous systems, the design of digital machines such as processors and memories, the fundamentals of software design, and the principles used in communications systems such as telephone networks and the Internet.

Computer Engineering shares many fundamentals with Electrical Engineering which are covered in a common curriculum up to and including Academic Term 3. In Academic Term 6, students may select the Offshore Oil and Gas option (OOGE). In recognition of the considerable diversity of careers available to computer engineers, students are given latitude in the final three academic terms to choose from a wide range of electives in various specialty areas.

3.3.3 Electrical Engineering

Electrical Engineering is a broad field encompassing the study of control systems, electromagnetics and antennas, power systems, electronics, communications, and computer hardware and software.

Electrical Engineering shares many fundamentals with Computer Engineering which are covered in a common curriculum up to and including Academic Term 3. In Academic Term 6, students may select the Offshore Oil and Gas option (OOGE). In recognition of the considerable diversity of careers available to electrical engineers, students are given latitude in the final three academic terms to choose from a wide range of electives in various specialty areas. Making use of their elective course choices, students in the Electrical Engineering - General Option also have the opportunity to undertake a minor in Physics.

3.3.4 Mechanical Engineering

Mechanical engineering is a highly diversified discipline encompassing the design, analysis, testing and manufacture of products that are used in every facet of modern society. Mechanical engineers analyse and design using the principles of motion, energy, and force to ensure that the product functions safely, efficiently, reliably, and can be manufactured at a competitive cost. This activity requires a thorough knowledge of materials, mathematics, and the physical sciences, and an ability to apply this knowledge to the synthesis of economical and socially acceptable solutions to engineering problems.

Mechanical Engineering is designed to provide students with a knowledge in the following four areas: design and dynamics area, emphasizing solid mechanics, material science, dynamics, vibrations and machine component design; thermo-fluids area, focussing on thermodynamics, heat transfer and fluid mechanics; mechatronics area, dealing with electro-mechanical systems, control, robotics, and automation; and manufacturing/industrial area, which encompasses CAD/CAM, production and operation management. In Academic Term 6, students may select the Offshore Oil and Gas option (OOGE). Students may choose from a wide range of electives in various specialty areas in academic terms 7 and 8.

3.3.5 Ocean and Naval Architectural Engineering

Ocean and Naval Architectural Engineering covers aspects of both naval architecture and ocean engineering. The Ocean and Naval Architectural Engineering major is the only accredited undergraduate program specifically in naval architecture/ocean engineering in Canada. The major is designed to provide education to work in marine transport, ship and boat building, offshore engineering,
submersibles design and many related marine areas. The undergraduate program is also a comprehensive preparation for graduate studies, research and consulting in ocean engineering.

Naval Architecture is primarily concerned with the design and construction of ships, offshore structures and other floating equipment and facilities. Ocean Engineering extends this focus to cover virtually all aspects of engineering related to the world’s oceans. Topics including sub-sea systems and oceanographic science add core ocean engineering content to the program. Students will be able to further develop their particular interests by using the focus stream to study any of a wide variety of topics, reflecting the tremendous diversity of the field. In Academic Term 6, students may select the Offshore Oil and Gas option (OOGE).

3.3.6 Process Engineering

Process Engineering is a diversified discipline encompassing new development, design, optimization, and operation of sustainable processes for human needs. A process engineer uses biological, chemical, and physical processing of substances to modify their nature, their properties, and/or the composition of mixtures to produce useful products. This activity requires a thorough knowledge of materials, chemical and physical sciences, and mathematics and an ability to apply this knowledge in an economical and sustainable way to engineering development.

The process engineering major is designed to provide students with a specialization in the areas of minerals and metals processing, and downstream oil and gas processing. Throughout the major and within each area of specialization, emphasis is placed on green and clean processes which are environmentally benign and inherently safe. The goal of this major is to prepare graduates with knowledge and ability to implement this knowledge in a sustainable manner to larger-scale industrial development.

3.4 Work Terms

Students in the Engineering program are governed by the Co-operative Student Handbook which is available at www.mun.ca/coop/home/enghandbook.pdf. Prior to registering for the first work term, students must successfully complete the non-credit course Professional Development Seminars.

Students must successfully complete a minimum of four work terms in order to graduate with a Bachelor of Engineering degree. Students who are expecting to complete the Engineering One requirements during the Fall and Winter semesters may apply to the Committee on Undergraduate Studies to undertake a work term during the Spring semester of Engineering One. Students who have completed the requirement for four work terms may apply to the Committee on Undergraduate Studies to undertake additional work terms.

3.4.1 General Information

- During work terms students are brought into direct contact with the engineering profession, exposed to the work place setting, expected to assume ever-increasing responsibility in employment situations as their education advances, and introduced to experiences beyond the scope of those which could be provided in the classroom.
- Students are responsible for finding suitable work placements. The Division of Co-operative Education provides resources to assist in this process.
- Students who cannot meet the demands of the work term may be required by the Faculty to withdraw from the work term until they can demonstrate an ability to continue in the program.
- Students are not permitted to drop work terms without prior approval of the Committee on Undergraduate Studies, on the recommendation of the Division of Co-operative Education. Students who drop a work term without permission, or who fail to honour an agreement to work with an employer, will be assigned a grade of FAL (fail) for that work term.
- Students who conduct themselves in such a manner as to cause their termination from the job, will be assigned a grade of FAL (fail) for that work term.

3.4.2 Evaluation of Work Terms

Two components are considered in work term evaluation: work performance and a communications component, as described in the Co-operative Student Handbook which is available at www.mun.ca/coop/home/enghandbook.pdf.

Each component is evaluated separately and equally weighted resulting in one of the following classifications: Outstanding, Above Expectations, Satisfactory, Marginal Pass, Fail. Both evaluations will be recorded on the transcript. Overall evaluation of the work term will result in the assignment of one of the following final grades:

- Pass with distinction (PWD): To receive a PWD, a student must obtain an evaluation of Outstanding in both the communications and work performance components of the work term.
- Pass (PAS): To receive a PAS, a student must achieve an evaluation of Marginal Pass or better in the communications component and in the performance component of the work term.
- Fail (FAL): A student receiving a Fail in either the communications or performance component of the work term will receive a FAL. For promotion from the work term, a student must obtain PWD or PAS.

3.5 Continuing Engineering Education

The Faculty of Engineering and Applied Science has a firm commitment to continuing engineering education and offers a variety of seminars and short courses in St. John's and in other centres for practising engineers. For applicability of courses towards diplomas and certificates in Engineering, contact the Continuing Engineering Education office by telephone to (709) 737-7467, in-person at EN 3017, or through the website at www.ensr.mun.ca/continuing/index.php.

4 Admission/Readmission Regulations for the Faculty of Engineering and Applied Science

In addition to meeting UNIVERSITY REGULATIONS, students must meet the admission/readmission regulations for the Faculty of Engineering and Applied Science.

4.1 General Information

1. Entry to Engineering One and to the majors offered by the Faculty is competitive for a limited number of placements. Meeting the minimum admission requirements does not guarantee acceptance into the Engineering program. The final decision on admission or readmission to Engineering One or any engineering major rests with the Admissions Committee of the Faculty.
2. Admission or readmission to the University does not necessarily constitute admission or readmission to Engineering One or to any major.
3. The primary criterion used in reaching decisions on applications for admission or readmission is the Admission Committee’s judgement of the likelihood of an applicant succeeding in the program.

4.2 Application Forms and Deadlines
1. The program of the Faculty commences in the Fall semester. The deadline for application for admission is March 1. Students are encouraged to submit their applications as early as possible since the Faculty may begin to offer provisional admissions as early as February to students applying to begin their program in September.
2. The deadline for application for readmission, for students who were previously admitted to a Faculty program, is June 1 for the Fall semester, October 1 for Winter, and February 1 for Spring.
3. Applications received after the relevant deadline may be considered as time and space permit. Incomplete applications will not be considered.
4. Application forms are available in person from the Faculty's General Office and the Office of the Registrar or through the Faculty's website at www.engr.mun.ca. Application forms may also be obtained by writing to the Faculty of Engineering and Applied Science, Memorial University of Newfoundland, St. John's, NL, A1B 3X5, or to the Office of the Registrar, Admissions Office, Memorial University of Newfoundland, St. John’s, NL, A1C 5S7.
5. All applications for admission or readmission must be submitted to the Office of the Registrar. A complete application package includes an application to the University (for those who have not attended Memorial University of Newfoundland in the two preceding semesters), an application to the Faculty and any other required supporting documentation. Application fees must be paid when the application forms are submitted.

4.3 Admission Requirements to the Faculty Program
Applicants may apply for admission to the University in a category as defined in the Calendar section under UNIVERSITY REGULATIONS - Admission/Readmission to the University (Undergraduate), Categories of Applicants, Admission Criteria and Other Information. In addition to meeting these regulations, applicants to the faculty program in the following categories must meet the requirements as indicated below.

4.3.1 High School Applicants
- The Faculty of Engineering and Applied Science encourages applications from high school students who have an interest in pursuing an engineering degree and who have achieved a good academic performance during high school.
- High school applicants admitted to the program who are admissible to the required Engineering One courses Mathematics 1000, Physics 1050, and Chemistry 1050 are expected to be able to complete the Engineering One requirements during their first two semesters at Memorial University of Newfoundland.
- High school applicants who are not admissible to these courses, but who are interested in pursuing an engineering degree, are encouraged to apply to the Faculty and to discuss an appropriate first-year program with the Associate Dean (Undergraduate Studies).

4.3.2 Memorial University of Newfoundland Applicants
- To be eligible for consideration for admission to Engineering One, students who are attending or have previously attended this University must have a cumulative average of at least 60% or an average of at least 65% on their most recent 30 attempted credit hours and be admissible to (or have previously completed) the Engineering One courses Mathematics 1000, Physics 1050 and Chemistry 1050.
- To be eligible for consideration for admission to Academic Term 3, students who are attending or have previously attended this University must meet the requirements stated in the Promotion Regulations, Promotion Status (Engineering One).

4.3.3 Transfer Applicants
- Applicants seeking admission through transfer from accredited post-secondary institutions must have achieved a minimum overall average of 60% to be considered for admission.
- A student’s placement within a program, and requirements needed to complete the program, will be determined on an individual basis at the time of admission. Transfer applicants must complete a majority of the credit hours in their program at Memorial University of Newfoundland.

4.4 Other Information
1. The Faculty will notify applicants in writing regarding an admission decision to the Faculty program.
2. Students admitted to the program in any term, without receiving credit for all courses required up to that level, must successfully complete those courses prior to graduation.
3. Students who have been admitted to one major offered by the Faculty and who wish to change to another major within the Faculty must submit a new application for admission to the program. This application must be submitted to the Office of the Registrar by the appropriate deadline date as outlined above in Application Forms and Deadlines and will be considered in competition with all other applications.
4. Students admitted full-time to the program and who decline the offer of admission or who fail to register for the appropriate courses during the term of admission will be considered withdrawn from the program. Such students, if they subsequently wish to be considered for admission, must submit a new application for admission to the program. This application must be submitted to the Office of the Registrar by the appropriate deadline date in Application Forms and Deadlines above and will be considered in competition with other applications.
5 Program Regulations

5.1 Civil Engineering Program Regulations

5.1.1 Civil Engineering Major - General Option

- The full-time 141 credit hour Bachelor of Engineering (Co-operative), Civil Engineering Major - General Option, requires eight academic terms and four work terms.
- The 141 credit hours shall normally be taken in the academic terms and order as set out in Table 1 Civil Engineering Major - General Option.
- Work terms shall normally be taken in the order as set out in Table 1 Civil Engineering Major - General Option.

Table 1 Civil Engineering Major - General Option

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Required Courses</th>
<th>Elective Courses</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Engineering One</td>
<td>Chemistry 1050&lt;br&gt;English 1080&lt;br&gt;ENGI 1010&lt;br&gt;ENGI 1020&lt;br&gt;ENGI 1030&lt;br&gt;ENGI 1040&lt;br&gt;Mathematics 1000&lt;br&gt;Mathematics 1001&lt;br&gt;Mathematics 2050&lt;br&gt;Physics 1050&lt;br&gt;Physics 1051</td>
<td>Students who are expecting to complete the Engineering One requirements during the first two semesters may apply to undertake a work term during the Spring semester. In this case, the prerequisite course ENGI 200W must be completed during the Winter semester.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fall</td>
<td>ENGI 3101&lt;br&gt;ENGI 3425&lt;br&gt;ENGI 3610&lt;br&gt;ENGI 3703&lt;br&gt;ENGI 3731&lt;br&gt;ENGI 3934</td>
<td>ENGI 200W (if not completed during Engineering One).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Academic Term 3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winter</td>
<td>001W or 002W</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spring</td>
<td>ENGI 4102&lt;br&gt;ENGI 4312&lt;br&gt;ENGI 4421&lt;br&gt;ENGI 4425&lt;br&gt;ENGI 4717&lt;br&gt;ENGI 4723</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Academic Term 4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fall</td>
<td>001W or 002W or 003W</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winter</td>
<td>ENGI 5312&lt;br&gt;ENGI 5434&lt;br&gt;ENGI 5706&lt;br&gt;ENGI 5713&lt;br&gt;ENGI 5723</td>
<td>Complementary Studies Elective</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Academic Term 5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spring</td>
<td>002W or 003W or 004W</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fall</td>
<td>ENGI 6322&lt;br&gt;ENGI 6705&lt;br&gt;ENGI 6707&lt;br&gt;ENGI 6713</td>
<td>Complementary Studies Elective 3 credit hours from: ENGI 6718, 6749</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Academic Term 6</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winter</td>
<td>003W or 004W or 005W (optional)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spring</td>
<td>ENGI 7102&lt;br&gt;ENGI 7704&lt;br&gt;ENGI 7713&lt;br&gt;ENGI 7745&lt;br&gt;ENGI 7748</td>
<td>3 credit hours from: ENGI 7706, 7707, 7716, 7723</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Academic Term 7</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fall</td>
<td>004W or 005W (optional) or 006W (optional)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winter</td>
<td>ENGI 8700&lt;br&gt;ENGI 8740&lt;br&gt;ENGI 8751</td>
<td>Complementary Studies Elective 6 credit hours from: ENGI 8705, 8708, 8713, 8717</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Academic Term 8</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
5.1.2 Civil Engineering Major - Offshore Oil and Gas Engineering Option

- The full-time 141 credit hour Bachelor of Engineering (Co-operative), Civil Engineering Major - Offshore Oil and Gas Engineering option, requires eight academic terms and four work terms.
- The 141 credit hours shall normally be taken in the academic terms and order as set out in Table 2 Civil Engineering Major - Offshore Oil and Gas Engineering Option.
- Work terms shall normally be taken in the order as set out in Table 2 Civil Engineering Major - Offshore Oil and Gas Engineering Option.

Table 2 Civil Engineering Major - Offshore Oil and Gas Engineering Option

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Required Courses</th>
<th>Elective Courses</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Engineering One</td>
<td>Chemistry 1050, English 1090, ENGI 1010, ENGI 1020, ENGI 1030, ENGI 1040, Mathematics 1000, Mathematics 1001, Mathematics 2050, Physics 1050, Physics 1051</td>
<td>Students who are expecting to complete the Engineering One requirements during the first two semesters may apply to undertake a work term during the Spring semester. In this case, the prerequisite course ENGI 200W must be completed during the Winter semester.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fall</td>
<td>ENGI 3101, ENGI 3425, ENGI 3610, ENGI 3703, ENGI 3731, ENGI 3934</td>
<td>ENGI 200W (if not completed during Engineering One).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Academic Term 3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winter</td>
<td>001W or 002W</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spring</td>
<td>ENGI 4102, ENGI 4312, ENGI 4421, ENGI 4425, ENGI 4717, ENGI 4723</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Academic Term 4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fall</td>
<td>001W or 002W or 003W</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winter</td>
<td>ENGI 5312, ENGI 5434, ENGI 5706, ENGI 5713, ENGI 5723</td>
<td>Complementary Studies Elective</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Academic Term 5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spring</td>
<td>002W or 003W or 004W</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fall</td>
<td>ENGI 6322, ENGI 6602, ENGI 6705, ENGI 6707, ENGI 6713</td>
<td>Complementary Studies Elective</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Academic Term 6</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winter</td>
<td>003W or 004W or 005W (optional)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spring</td>
<td>ENGI 7102, ENGI 7650, ENGI 7704, ENGI 7713, ENGI 8691</td>
<td>3 credit hours from: ENGI 8671, 8692</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Academic Term 7</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fall</td>
<td>004W or 005W (optional) or 006W (optional)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winter</td>
<td>ENGI 8650, ENGI 8740, ENGI 8751</td>
<td>Complementary Studies Elective</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Academic Term 8</td>
<td></td>
<td>6 credit hours from: ENGI 8670, 8676, 8690</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
5.2 Computer Engineering Program Regulations

5.2.1 Computer Engineering Major - General Option

- The full-time 141 credit hour Bachelor of Engineering (Co-operative), Computer Engineering Major - General Option, requires eight academic terms and four work terms.
- The 141 credit hours shall normally be taken in the academic terms and order as set out in Table 3 Computer Engineering Major - General Option.
- Work terms shall normally be taken in the order as set out in Table 3 Computer Engineering Major - General Option.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Required Courses</th>
<th>Elective Courses</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Engineering One   | Chemistry 1050  
ENGLISH 1080  
ENGI 1010  
ENGI 1020  
ENGI 1030  
ENGI 1040  
Mathematics 1000  
Mathematics 1001  
Mathematics 2050  
Physics 1050  
Physics 1051 | Students who are expecting to complete the Engineering One requirements during the first two semesters may apply to undertake a work term during the Spring semester. In this case, the prerequisite course ENGI 200W must be completed during the Winter semester. |
| Fall Academic Term 3 | ENGI 3101  
ENGI 3424  
ENGI 3821  
ENGI 3861  
ENGI 3891  
Physics 3000 | ENGI 200W (if not completed during Engineering One). |
| Winter            | 001W or 002W                                    |                                                                                  |
| Spring            | ENGI 4102  
ENGI 4424  
ENGI 4823  
ENGI 4854  
ENGI 4862  
ENGI 4892 |                                                                                  |
| Fall              | 001W or 002W or 003W                            |                                                                                  |
| Winter            | ENGI 5420  
ENGI 5821  
ENGI 5854  
ENGI 5865  
ENGI 5895 | Complementary Studies Elective |
| Spring            | 002W or 003W or 004W                            |                                                                                  |
| Fall              | ENGI 6861  
ENGI 6871  
ENGI 6876  
ENGI 6892 | Complementary Studies Elective  
3 credit hours from: ENGI 6855, or Computer Science courses, or other courses as specified by the Discipline Chair |
| Winter            | 003W or 004W or 005W (optional)                |                                                                                  |
| Spring            | ENGI 7102  
ENGI 7804  
ENGI 7824  
ENGI 7894 | 6 credit hours from: ENGI 7814, 7825, 7854, 7855, 7952, 8680, other courses as specified by Discipline Chair |
| Fall              | 004W or 005W (optional) or 006W (optional)     |                                                                                  |
| Winter            | ENGI 8854  
ENGI 8894 | Complementary Studies Elective  
One free elective which must be a 5000-level or higher Engineering course, or a 2000-level or higher course either from the Faculty of Arts or the Faculty of Science, or a 3000-level or higher course from the Faculty of Business Administration. Selection of a course must be approved by the Discipline Chair.  
6 credit hours from: ENGI 7680, 8921, 8826, 8863, 8868, 8879, 8801-8805, Computer Science courses as specified by the ECE Discipline Chair, other courses as specified by the Discipline Chair |
5.2.2 Computer Engineering - Offshore Oil and Gas Engineering Option

- The full-time 141 credit hour Bachelor of Engineering (Co-operative), Computer Engineering Major - Offshore Oil and Gas Engineering Option, requires eight academic terms and four work terms.
- The 141 credit hours shall normally be taken in the academic terms and order as set out in Table 4 Computer Engineering Major - Offshore Oil and Gas Engineering Option.
- Work terms shall normally be taken in the order as set out in Table 4 Computer Engineering Major - Offshore Oil and Gas Engineering Option.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Required Courses</th>
<th>Elective Courses</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Engineering One</td>
<td>Chemistry 1050, English 1080, ENGI 1010, ENGI 1020, ENGI 1030, ENGI 1040, Mathematics 1000, Mathematics 1001, Mathematics 2050, Physics 1050, Physics 1051</td>
<td>Students who are expecting to complete the Engineering One requirements during the first two semesters may apply to undertake a work term during the Spring semester. In this case, the prerequisite course ENGI 200W must be completed during the Winter semester.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fall</td>
<td>ENGI 3101, ENGI 3424, ENGI 3821, ENGI 3861, ENGI 3891, Physics 3000</td>
<td>ENGI 200W (if not completed during Engineering One).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winter</td>
<td>001W or 002W</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spring</td>
<td>ENGI 4102, ENGI 4424, ENGI 4823, ENGI 4854, ENGI 4862, ENGI 4892</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fall</td>
<td>001W or 002W or 003W</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winter</td>
<td>ENGI 5420, ENGI 5821, ENGI 5854, ENGI 5865, ENGI 5895</td>
<td>Complementary Studies Elective</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spring</td>
<td>002W or 003W or 004W</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fall</td>
<td>ENGI 6602, ENGI 6861, ENGI 6871, ENGI 6876, ENGI 6892</td>
<td>Complementary Studies Elective</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winter</td>
<td>003W or 004W or 005W (optional)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spring</td>
<td>ENGI 7102, ENGI 7650, ENGI 7824, ENGI 7894, ENGI 8680</td>
<td>3 credit hours from: ENGI 7825, 7854, 8671, 8692</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fall</td>
<td>004W or 005W (optional) or 006W (optional)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winter</td>
<td>ENGI 7680, ENGI 8650, ENGI 8894</td>
<td>Complementary Studies Elective</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

One free elective which must be a 5000-level or higher Engineering course, or a 2000-level or higher course either from the Faculty of Arts or the Faculty of Science, or a 3000-level or higher course from the Faculty of Business Administration. Selection of a course must be approved by the Discipline Chair. 3 credit hours from: ENGI 8670, 8801-8805, 8821, 8826, 8863, 8868, 8879, or Computer Science courses, or other courses as specified by the Discipline Chair.
5.3 Electrical Engineering Program Regulations

5.3.1 Electrical Engineering - General Option

- The full-time 141 credit hour Bachelor of Engineering (Co-operative), Electrical Engineering Major - General Option, requires eight academic terms and four work terms.
- The 141 credit hours shall normally be taken in the academic terms in the academic terms and order as set out in Table 5 Electrical Engineering Major - General Option.
- Work terms shall be taken in the order as set out in Table 5 Electrical Engineering Major - General Option.
- The requirements for a minor in Physics in the Electrical Engineering program are detailed under Faculty of Science, Minor In Physics. Students wishing to undertake a minor in Physics must obtain approval from the Discipline Chair for their course selection.

Table 5 Electrical Engineering Major - General Option

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Required Course</th>
<th>Elective Courses</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Engineering One</td>
<td>Chemistry 1050, English 1080, ENGI 1010, ENGI 1020, ENGI 1030, ENGI 1040, Mathematics 1000, Mathematics 1001, Mathematics 2050, Physics 1050, Physics 1051</td>
<td>Students who are expecting to complete the Engineering One requirements during the first two semesters may apply to undertake a work term during the Spring semester. In this case, the prerequisite course ENGI 200W must be completed during the Winter semester.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fall</td>
<td>ENGI 3101, ENGI 3424, ENGI 3821, ENGI 3861, ENGI 3891, Physics 3000</td>
<td>ENGI 200W (if not completed during Engineering One).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winter</td>
<td>001W or 002W</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spring</td>
<td>ENGI 4102, ENGI 4430, ENGI 4823, ENGI 4841, ENGI 4854, ENGI 4862</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fall</td>
<td>001W or 002W or 003W</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winter</td>
<td>ENGI 5420, ENGI 5800, ENGI 5812, ENGI 5821, ENGI 5854</td>
<td>Complementary Studies Elective</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spring</td>
<td>002W or 003W or 004W</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fall</td>
<td>ENGI 6813, ENGI 6843, ENGI 6855, ENGI 6871</td>
<td>Complementary Studies Elective</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winter</td>
<td>003W or 004W or 005W (optional)</td>
<td>3 credit hours from: ENGI 6856, 6876, other courses as specified by the Discipline Chair</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spring</td>
<td>ENGI 7102, ENGI 7803, ENGI 7824</td>
<td>9 credit hours from: ENGI 7811, 7825, 7844, 7854, 7855, 7856, 7952, 8080, other courses as specified by the Discipline Chair</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fall</td>
<td>004W or 005W (optional) or 006W (optional)</td>
<td>Complementary Studies Elective</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winter</td>
<td>ENGI 8826, ENGI 8853</td>
<td>One free elective which must be a 5000-level or higher Engineering course, or a 2000-level or higher course either from the Faculty of Arts or the Faculty of Science, or a 3000-level or higher course from the Faculty of Business Administration. Selection of a course must be approved by the Discipline Chair. 6 credit hours from: ENGI 5865, 7680, 8821, 8845, 8879, 8806-8809, other courses as specified by the Discipline Chair</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
5.3.2 Electrical Engineering - Offshore Oil and Gas Engineering Option

- The full-time 141 credit hour Bachelor of Engineering (Co-operative), Electrical Engineering Major - Offshore Oil and Gas Engineering Option, requires eight academic terms and four work terms.
- The 141 credit hours shall normally be taken in the academic terms and order as set out in Table 6 Electrical Engineering Major - Offshore Oil and Gas Engineering Option.
- Work terms shall normally be taken in the order as set out in Table 6 Electrical Engineering Major - Offshore Oil and Gas Engineering Option.

Table 6 Electrical Engineering Major - Offshore Oil and Gas Engineering Option

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Required Course</th>
<th>Elective Courses</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Engineering One       | Chemistry 1050  
ENGI 1010  
ENGI 1020  
ENGI 1030  
ENGI 1040  
Mathematics 1000  
Mathematics 1001  
Mathematics 2050  
Physics 1050  
Physics 1051 | Students who are expecting to complete the Engineering One requirements during the first two semesters may apply to undertake a work term during the Spring semester. In this case, the prerequisite course ENGI 200W must be completed during the Winter semester. |
| Fall Academic Term 3  | ENGI 3101  
ENGI 3424  
ENGI 3821  
ENGI 3861  
ENGI 3891  
Physics 3000   | ENGI 200W (if not completed during Engineering One). |
| Winter                | 001W or 002W                                                               |                                                                                  |
| Spring Academic Term 4| ENGI 4102  
ENGI 4430  
ENGI 4823  
ENGI 4841  
ENGI 4854  
ENGI 4862 |                                                                                  |
| Fall                  | 001W or 002W or 003W                                                        |                                                                                  |
| Winter Academic Term 5| ENGI 5420  
ENGI 5800  
ENGI 5812  
ENGI 5821  
ENGI 5854 | Complementary Studies Elective |
| Spring                | 002W or 003W or 004W                                                        |                                                                                  |
| Fall Academic Term 6  | ENGI 6602  
ENGI 6813  
ENGI 6843  
ENGI 6855  
ENGI 6871 | Complementary Studies Elective |
| Winter                | 003W or 004W or 005W (optional)                                              |                                                                                  |
| Spring Academic Term 7| ENGI 7102  
ENGI 7650  
ENGI 7824  
ENGI 8680 | 3 credit hours from: ENGI 8671, 8692  
3 credit hours from: ENGI 7825, 7844, 7854, 7856, 7952,  
other courses as specified by the Discipline Chair |
| Fall                  | 004W or 005W (optional) or 006W (optional)                                  |                                                                                  |
| Winter Academic Term 8| ENGI 7680  
ENGI 8826  
ENGI 8650 | Complementary Studies Elective  
One free elective which must be a 5000-level or higher Engineering course, or a 2000-level or higher course either from the Faculty of Arts or the Faculty of Science, or a 3000-level or higher course from the Faculty of Business Administration. Selection of a course must be approved by the Discipline Chair,  
3 credit hours from: ENGI 5865, 8670, 8821, 8845, 8879, 8806-8809, other courses as specified by the Discipline Chair |
# 5.4 Mechanical Engineering Program Regulations

## 5.4.1 Mechanical Engineering Major - General Option

- The full-time 141 credit hour Bachelor of Engineering (Co-operative), Mechanical Engineering Major - General Option, requires eight academic terms and four work terms.
- The 141 credit hours shall normally be taken in the academic terms and order as set out in Table 7 Mechanical Engineering Major - General Option.
- Work terms shall normally be taken in the order as set out in Table 7 Mechanical Engineering Major - General Option.

### Table 7 Mechanical Engineering Major - General Option

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Required Courses</th>
<th>Elective Courses</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Engineering One</td>
<td>Chemistry 1050, English 1080, ENGI 1010, ENGI 1020, ENGI 1030, ENGI 1040, Mathematics 1000, Mathematics 1001, Mathematics 2050, Physics 1050, Physics 1051</td>
<td>Students who are expecting to complete the Engineering One requirements during the first two semesters may apply to undertake a work term during the Spring semester. In this case, the prerequisite course ENGI 200W must be completed during the Winter semester.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fall Academic Term 3</td>
<td>ENGI 3101, ENGI 3424, ENGI 3901, ENGI 3911, ENGI 3934, ENGI 3941</td>
<td>ENGI 200W (if not completed during Engineering One).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winter</td>
<td>001W or 002W</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spring Academic Term 4</td>
<td>ENGI 4102, ENGI 4312, ENGI 4430, ENGI 4901, ENGI 4932, ENGI 4951</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fall Academic Term 6</td>
<td>ENGI 5911, ENGI 5927, ENGI 5931, ENGI 5951, ENGI 5961</td>
<td>Complementary Studies Elective</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winter</td>
<td>002W or 003W or 004W</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spring Academic Term 7</td>
<td>ENGI 4421, ENGI 7102, ENGI 7926, ENGI 7928</td>
<td>6 credit hours from: ENGI 7901, 7903, 7911, 7934, 7952, other courses as specified by the Discipline Chair</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fall Academic Term 8</td>
<td>ENGI 8926</td>
<td>Complementary Studies Elective</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winter</td>
<td>004W or 005W (optional) or 006W (optional)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
5.4.2 Mechanical Engineering Major - Offshore Oil and Gas Engineering Option

- The full-time 141 credit hour Bachelor of Engineering (Co-operative), Mechanical Engineering Major – Offshore Oil and Gas Engineering Option, requires eight academic terms and four work terms.
- The 141 credit hours shall normally be taken in the academic terms and order as set out in Table 8 Mechanical Engineering Major - Offshore Oil and Gas Option.
- Work terms shall normally be taken in the order as set out in Table 8 Mechanical Engineering Major - Offshore Oil and Gas Option.

Table 8 Mechanical Engineering Major - Offshore Oil and Gas Engineering Option

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Required Courses</th>
<th>Elective Courses</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Engineering One</td>
<td>Chemistry 1050&lt;br&gt;English 1080&lt;br&gt;ENGI 1010&lt;br&gt;ENGI 1020&lt;br&gt;ENGI 1030&lt;br&gt;ENGI 1040&lt;br&gt;Mathematics 1000&lt;br&gt;Mathematics 1001&lt;br&gt;Mathematics 2050&lt;br&gt;Physics 1050&lt;br&gt;Physics 1051</td>
<td>Students who are expecting to complete the Engineering One requirements during the first two semesters may apply to undertake a work term during the Spring semester. In this case, the prerequisite course ENGI 200W must be completed during the Winter semester.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fall</td>
<td>ENGI 3101&lt;br&gt;ENGI 3424&lt;br&gt;ENGI 3901&lt;br&gt;ENGI 3911&lt;br&gt;ENGI 3934&lt;br&gt;ENGI 3941</td>
<td>ENGI 200W (if not completed during Engineering One).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Academic Term 3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winter</td>
<td>001W or 002W&lt;br&gt;001W or 002W or 003W</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spring</td>
<td>ENGI 4102&lt;br&gt;ENGI 4312&lt;br&gt;ENGI 4430&lt;br&gt;ENGI 4901&lt;br&gt;ENGI 4932&lt;br&gt;ENGI 4951</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Academic Term 4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fall</td>
<td>001W or 002W&lt;br&gt;001W or 002W or 003W</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winter</td>
<td>ENGI 5911&lt;br&gt;ENGI 5927&lt;br&gt;ENGI 5931&lt;br&gt;ENGI 5951&lt;br&gt;ENGI 5961</td>
<td>Complementary Studies Elective</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Academic Term 5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spring</td>
<td>002W or 003W&lt;br&gt;002W or 004W</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fall</td>
<td>ENGI 6602&lt;br&gt;ENGI 6901&lt;br&gt;ENGI 6927&lt;br&gt;ENGI 6933&lt;br&gt;ENGI 6951</td>
<td>Complementary Studies Elective</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Academic Term 6</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winter</td>
<td>003W or 004W&lt;br&gt;004W or 005W (optional)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spring</td>
<td>ENGI 4421&lt;br&gt;ENGI 7102&lt;br&gt;ENGI 7650&lt;br&gt;ENGI 8592 or ENGI 8671&lt;br&gt;ENGI 8693</td>
<td>3 credit hours from: ENGI 7901, 7903, 7934, 7952, other courses as specified by the Discipline Chair</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Academic Term 7</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fall</td>
<td>004W or 005W (optional) or 006W (optional)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winter</td>
<td>ENGI 8650&lt;br&gt;ENGI 8676 or ENGI 8670&lt;br&gt;ENGI 8690&lt;br&gt;ENGI 8694</td>
<td>Complementary Studies Elective</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Academic Term 8</td>
<td></td>
<td>3 credit hours from: ENGI 8903, 8911, 8935, 8945, 8964, other courses as specified by the Discipline Chair</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
5.5 Ocean and Naval Architectural Engineering Program Regulations

5.5.1 Ocean and Naval Architectural Engineering Major

- The full-time 141 credit hour Bachelor of Engineering (Co-operative), Ocean and Naval Architectural Engineering Major, requires eight academic terms and four work terms.
- The 141 credit hours shall normally be taken in the academic terms in the academic terms order as set out in Table 9 Ocean and Naval Architectural Engineering Major.
- Work terms shall normally be taken in the order as set out in Table 9 Ocean and Naval Architectural Engineering Major.

### Table 9 Ocean and Naval Architectural Engineering Major

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Required Courses</th>
<th>Elective Courses</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Engineering One</td>
<td>Chemistry 1050, English 1080, ENGI 1010, ENGI 1020, ENGI 1030, ENGI 1040, Mathematics 1000, Mathematics 1001, Mathematics 2050, Physics 1050, Physics 1051</td>
<td>Students who are expecting to complete the Engineering One requirements during the first two semesters may apply to undertake a work term during the Spring semester. In this case, the prerequisite course ENGI 200W must be completed during the Winter semester.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fall</td>
<td>ENGI 3001, ENGI 3054, ENGI 3101, ENGI 3934, Mathematics 2000</td>
<td>ENGI 200W (if not completed during Engineering One). 3 credit hours from: ENGI 3901, 3911</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Academic Term 3</td>
<td></td>
<td>Focus Stream Elective *</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winter</td>
<td>001W or 002W</td>
<td>Focus Stream Elective *</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spring</td>
<td>ENGI 4011, ENGI 4020, ENGI 4102, ENGI 4312, Mathematics 3260</td>
<td>Complementary Studies Elective</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Academic Term 4</td>
<td></td>
<td>Focus Stream Elective *</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fall</td>
<td>001W or 002W or 003W</td>
<td>Complementary Studies Elective</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winter</td>
<td>ENGI 5003, ENGI 5020, ENGI 5420, Mathematics 3202</td>
<td>Focus Stream Elective *</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Academic Term 5</td>
<td></td>
<td>Complementary Studies Elective</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spring</td>
<td>002W or 003W or 004W</td>
<td>Focus Stream Elective *</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fall</td>
<td>ENGI 6003, ENGI 6005, ENGI 6030, Physics 4300</td>
<td>Complementary Studies Elective</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Academic Term 6</td>
<td></td>
<td>Focus Stream Elective *</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winter</td>
<td>003W or 004W or 005W (optional)</td>
<td>ENGI 7045</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spring</td>
<td>ENGI 7000, ENGI 7030, ENGI 7033, ENGI 7102</td>
<td>Focus Stream Elective *</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fall</td>
<td>004W or 005W (optional) or 006W (optional)</td>
<td>Complementary Studies Elective</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winter</td>
<td>ENGI 8000, ENGI 8003, ENGI 8054</td>
<td>Focus Stream Elective *</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Academic Term 8</td>
<td></td>
<td>Complementary Studies Elective</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Focus Stream Electives:
The courses in the Focus Stream allow a student to pursue a specialization in an area of interest. The area can be in engineering, the sciences, the arts and humanities or business. Students will plan their own focus stream, with approval by the Committee on Undergraduate Studies upon the recommendation of the Discipline Chair of Ocean and Naval Architectural Engineering.

In reviewing the plan for the stream, the Faculty will be looking for clear educational goals by each student, with increasingly advanced courses in the topic area. The stream is not meant to be a series of random free electives, and especially not a series of introductory courses. The stream will enable students to complete a significant part of a minor in almost any subject. Students are encouraged to take the required additional courses to complete such a minor. Interdisciplinary experience and education is increasingly valuable and this focus stream opportunity will provide our graduates with unique and special knowledge.
5.6 Process Engineering Program Regulations

5.6.1 Process Engineering Major

- The full-time 141 credit hour Bachelor of Engineering (Co-operative), Process Engineering Major, requires eight academic terms and four work terms.
- The 141 credit hours shall normally be taken in the academic terms and order as set out in Table 10 Process Engineering Major.
- Work terms shall normally be taken in the order as set out in Table 10 Process Engineering Major.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Required Courses</th>
<th>Elective Courses</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Engineering One</td>
<td>Chemistry 1050, English 1080, ENGI 1010, ENGI 1020, ENGI 1030, ENGI 1040, Mathematics 1000, Mathematics 1001, Mathematics 2050, Physics 1050, Physics 1051</td>
<td>Students who are expecting to complete the Engineering One requirements during the first two semesters may apply to undertake a work term during the Spring semester. In this case, the prerequisite course ENGI 200W must be completed during the Winter semester.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fall</td>
<td>Chemistry 1051, ENGI 3101, ENGI 3424, ENGI 3600, ENGI 3901, ENGI 3911</td>
<td>ENGI 200W (if not completed during Engineering One)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Academic Term 3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winter</td>
<td>001W or 002W</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spring</td>
<td>ENGI 4102, ENGI 4421, ENGI 4602, ENGI 4621, ENGI 4625, ENGI 4717</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Academic Term 4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fall</td>
<td>001W OR 002W OR 003W</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winter</td>
<td>ENGI 5601, ENGI 5621, ENGI 5671, ENGI 5911, ENGI 5961</td>
<td>Complementary Studies Elective</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Academic Term 5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spring</td>
<td>002W or 003W or 004W</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fall</td>
<td>ENGI 6631, ENGI 6651, ENGI 6671, ENGI 6901, ENGI 6961</td>
<td>Complementary Studies Elective</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Academic Term 6</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winter</td>
<td>003W or 004W or 005W (optional)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spring</td>
<td>ENGI 7102, ENGI 7621, ENGI 7623, ENGI 7640, ENGI 7651</td>
<td>3 credit hours from ENGI 7691, 8691, other courses as specified by the Discipline Chair</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Academic Term 7</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fall</td>
<td>004W or 005W (optional) or 006W (optional)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winter</td>
<td>ENGI 8640, ENGI 8671, ENGI 8677</td>
<td>Complementary Studies Elective</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Academic Term 8</td>
<td></td>
<td>One free elective which must be a 5000-level or higher Engineering course, or a 2000-level or higher course either from the Faculty of Arts or the Faculty of Science, or a 3000-level or higher course from the Faculty of Business Administration. Selection of a course must be approved by the Discipline Chair. 3 credit hours from: ENGI 8911, 8670, 8676, 8696. other courses as specified by the Discipline Chair.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5.7 Advanced Standing

Students are occasionally admitted to later terms in Engineering from other institutions. Such entry is normally based on a detailed analysis of the student’s record and is handled on a case-by-case basis. Such students should contact the Office of the Associate Dean (Undergraduate Studies).
6 Promotion Regulations

6.1 General Information

1. In addition to meeting the promotion regulations for the Faculty of Engineering and Applied Science, all students must meet the general academic regulations (undergraduate). For further information refer to the UNIVERSITY REGULATIONS - General Academic Regulations (Undergraduate).

2. Success in the programs depends on meeting the requirements of both academic terms and work terms.

6.2 Promotion Status (Engineering One)

1. The requirements for promotion to Academic Term 3 are:
   - an overall average of at least 65% on the following nine courses: Mathematics 1001, Mathematics 2050, Physics 1051, Chemistry 1050, English 1080 (or equivalent), ENGI 1010, ENGI 1020, ENGI 1030 and ENGI 1040; and
   - a grade of at least 55% in each of the above nine courses.

2. In order to remain in the Engineering program, students admitted to Engineering One must complete the requirements for promotion to Academic Term 3 before the end of the academic year of admission.

3. Students who fail to meet the requirements for promotion to Academic Term 3 before the end of the academic year of admission will be deemed to have withdrawn from the Engineering program.

4. Promotion from Engineering One guarantees admission to one of the six majors, but not necessarily to a student’s preferred major. The Faculty reserves the right to limit the number of spaces available in each major. The Faculty also reserves the right to guarantee admission into a particular major at the time of admission into the Engineering program.

5. Students completing the requirements of Engineering One are required to apply for their major by March 1 of the academic year of admission, indicating their preferences for major in rank order. All Engineering students who successfully complete Engineering One in the academic year of admission will be guaranteed a place in Academic Term 3, although not necessarily in the preferred major.

6.3 Promotion Status (Beyond Engineering One)

A student's promotion status will be determined beyond Engineering One and at the end of each term in one of the following three categories:

6.3.1 Clear Promotion

Clear Promotion means that a student can proceed to the next term without restrictions.

- Students completing or repeating an academic term will receive a Clear Promotion by obtaining an overall average (excluding complementary studies courses and free elective courses) of at least 60%, with a numeric grade of at least 50% in each course (excluding complementary studies courses and free elective courses) in that academic term.

- Students completing a work term will receive a Clear Promotion by obtaining an overall grade of PAS or PWD in that work term.

6.3.2 Probationary Promotion

Probationary Promotion designates less than a Clear Promotion from an academic term, but requires an overall average (excluding complementary studies courses and free elective courses) of at least 60% in that academic term.

- A student with Probationary Promotion from an academic term may continue to the subsequent work term under the condition that entry into the next academic term is not allowed until the student's status is changed to Clear Promotion.

- A student with Probationary Promotion at the end of the final academic term will not be recommended for graduation until the student's status is changed to Clear Promotion.

- To change Probationary Promotion to Clear Promotion the student must satisfy the Faculty that he or she is competent in the subject of the ENGI course(s) in which the student has failed to achieve 50%. This will normally entail re-examination(s), after which the student will be declared to have passed or failed a test of competency in the subject(s) concerned. No numerical grade will be assigned in the re-examination(s). Upon passing a re-examination, the original grade submitted for the course will be changed to PAS.

- Re-examination will be at a time determined by the Faculty. A student with Probationary Promotion who fails to submit to the re-examination(s) or who fails in the re-examination(s) must repeat the corresponding failed course(s) successfully in order to change the Probationary Promotion to Clear Promotion.

6.3.3 Promotion Denied

Promotion Denied indicates Clear Promotion is not achieved each term or following probation.

- A student with Promotion Denied status will be required to withdraw from the Faculty. Students with Promotion Denied status may apply for readmission to the program after two semesters. Subject to space being available, a student will be readmitted into the term from which promotion was denied. An academic term may be repeated only once, and not more than two academic terms may be repeated in the entire program.

- A student who is denied promotion for failing a work term may be considered for readmission. A student readmitted under this clause must successfully complete four work terms prior to graduation.

- A student who has been denied promotion as a result of having failed a work term and who, in the opinion of the Faculty, can benefit from a remedial program, may be permitted an extension of time not to exceed the end of the registration period of the subsequent semester to complete the requirements of the work term.

- A student who is denied promotion from an academic term will be required to repeat all required courses in which the student obtained a numeric grade of less than 60% in that term. A technical elective course in which the student obtained a numeric grade of less than 60% may be replaced by a course acceptable in the student's program.

- A student with Promotion Denied status at the end of the final academic term will not be recommended for graduation until the student's status is changed to Clear Promotion.
6.4 Other Information
1. The appropriate discipline will make a recommendation to Faculty Council on each student's promotion status at the end of each of academic terms 3 to 8.
2. To be recommended for graduation, a student must have clear promotion from Academic Term 8, must have successfully completed at least four work terms and must have an average of at least 60% in the 21 credit hours in complementary studies as described in Description of Program, Complementary Studies.
3. The Office of Co-operative Education will make a recommendation to Faculty Council on each student's promotion status at the end of each work term.
4. A student must have completed at least one work term successfully, in order to be promoted to Academic Term 5.
5. A student must have completed at least two work terms successfully, in order to be promoted to Academic Term 6.
6. A student must have completed at least three work terms successfully, in order to be promoted to Academic Term 7.
7. A student must have completed four work terms successfully, in order to be promoted to Academic Term 8.
8. A student denied promotion shall be permitted only one readmission to the same term and a total of no more than two readmissions to the Faculty.
9. No course required in any of academic terms 3 to 8 of the program may be attempted more than twice.
10. Students may be required to withdraw from their program at any time, if, in the opinion of the Faculty, they are unlikely to benefit from continued attendance.

7 Waiver of Faculty Regulations
Every student has the right to request a waiver of Faculty regulations. Students seeking a waiver of University academic regulations should refer to the UNIVERSITY REGULATIONS - General Academic Regulations Undergraduate - Waiver of Regulations.
1. The Faculty Council reserves the right in special circumstances to modify, alter, or waive any Faculty regulation in its application to individual students, where merit and equity so warrant in the judgment of the appropriate Committee of the Faculty Council.
2. All requests must be submitted to the Office of the Associate Dean (Undergraduate Studies) for submission to the appropriate Committee of the Faculty. Students must submit their request in writing. Medical and/or other documentation to substantiate the request must be provided.
3. Requests for waivers of admission requirements will be submitted to the Admissions Committee who will make a recommendation for action to the Committee on Undergraduate Studies of the Faculty.
4. Requests for a waiver of a course(s) required in academic terms 3 to 8 should be made prior to the commencement of the academic term and will be considered by the Committee on Undergraduate Studies, upon recommendation of the appropriate Discipline Chair.
5. Requests for a waiver of a work term will be considered by the Committee on Undergraduate Studies upon recommendation of the Office of Co-operative Education. Any waiver granted does not reduce the total number of work terms required for the degree below an absolute minimum of three.

8 Appeal of Regulations
8.1 Faculty Appeal Committee
Appeals against decisions of the Faculty Admissions Committee and appeals against promotion decisions of Faculty Council will be considered by the Faculty Appeal Committee.
1. An appeal against promotion decisions of Faculty Council will normally only be considered upon presentation of evidence which has not been placed before Faculty Council.
2. Any such appeal must be made within one month of the issue of the decision of the Admission Committee or within one month of the issue of results by the Registrar, as the case may be.
3. When a student has requested a re-read of an examination paper which may affect an appeal that appeal must nevertheless be made within one month of the issue of the original results, and consideration of the appeal will be delayed until the result of the re-read is available.

8.2 Other Appeals
Any student whose request for waiver of Faculty regulations has been denied has the right to appeal. For further information refer to the UNIVERSITY REGULATIONS - General Academic Regulations (Undergraduate) - Appeal of Regulations.

9 Course Descriptions
All courses of the Faculty are designated by ENGI.

9.1 Work Terms and Non-Credit Courses
001W Engineering Work Term 1 represents, for most students, their first experience in an engineering or related work environment. Students are expected to learn, develop and practise the basic standards of behaviour, discipline and performance normally found in a professional work environment. Students are also expected to learn the basics of technical writing and to become familiar with the various communications tools used in a technical work environment.

Two documents must be submitted for evaluation for the communications component for Work Term 1. Additional communication requirements such as technical reports or manuals may be requested by the employer. The two documents to be submitted to the Engineering Co-operative Education Office are the Personal Job Diary and the Work Term Journal or Short Technical Report or Portfolio. Detailed guidelines for the preparation of these documents are provided in the Co-operative Student Handbook. These documents shall be submitted or postmarked no later than the last official day of the work term as shown in the University Calendar.
CH: 0
LC: 0
PR: ENGI 200W

002W Engineering Work Term 2 requires students to have sufficient academic grounding and work experience to contribute in a positive manner.
to the engineering design and problem solving processes practised in the work environment. Students are expected to show greater independence and responsibility in their assigned work functions than in Work Term 1. Students should continue to deal, under supervision, with complex work-related concepts and problems and should also be demonstrated. Students can become better acquainted with their chosen discipline, and can observe and appreciate the attractions, responsibilities, and ethics normally expected of engineers.

The communications component for Work Term 2 consists of a formal, descriptive technical report describing a technical process, project, procedure or investigation chosen from the student’s work environment. Students are also expected to keep a job diary, which will not be submitted but must be available for review during monitoring.

Guidelines for the preparation of a descriptive technical report are provided in the Co-operative Student Handbook. The report shall be submitted or postmarked no later than the last official day of the work term as shown in the University Calendar.

CH: 0
LC: 0
PR: ENGI 001W, ENGI 3101

003W Engineering Work Term 3 requires greater participation in the student’s selected engineering discipline. Students become more experienced and proficient with the appropriate design procedures than in the preceding work terms. Students are expected to acquire improved speed and accuracy in their work and at the same time accept greater responsibility and be able to function with less direct supervision. Self-confidence and initiative as well as improved analytical skills are expected to develop at this stage in the student’s engineering education. The communications component for Work Term 3 consists of a formal technical report on a specific subject prescribed by the Faculties of Engineering and Science. Examples of themes would be sustainable development and environmental stewardship. Ideally the report would relate to the student’s work in the areas of process, project, procedure or investigation.

Guidelines for the preparation of a descriptive technical report are provided in the Co-operative Student Handbook. The report shall be submitted or postmarked no later than the last official day of the work term as shown in the University Calendar.

CH: 0
LC: 0
PR: ENGI 002W

004W Engineering Work Term 4 requires students to engage in various facets of engineering, such as design, analysis, project management, specifications, plans, formal proposals, tender documents, etc. Participation in their selected engineering discipline is expected. Students should continue to gain an appreciation of the use and importance of acquired analytical skills in engineering analysis as well as the application of specifications and codes. Students should have a level of responsibility commensurate with their academic background and experience. The communications component for Work Term 4 consists of an oral presentation on a technical subject taken from the student’s work environment and preferably related specifically to the student’s work. The presentation should be of 10 minutes duration and will be given on campus in a formal setting after students have returned to class. A written summary is also required. Guidelines for the preparation of this oral presentation are provided in the Co-operative Student Handbook.

CH: 0
LC: 0
PR: ENGI 003W

005W Engineering Work Term 5 requires students to engage in various facets of engineering, such as design, analysis, project management, specifications, plans, formal proposals, tender documents, etc. Participation in their selected engineering discipline is expected. Students should continue to gain an appreciation of the use and importance of acquired analytical skills in engineering analysis as well as the application of specifications and codes. Students should have a level of responsibility commensurate with their academic background and experience. The promotion criteria for this work term will be determined by the Committee on Undergraduate Studies. Students in the new program can apply to enter Work Terms 5 and 6.

CH: 0
LC: 0
PR: ENGI 004W

006W Engineering Work Term 6 requires students to engage in various facets of engineering, such as design, analysis, project management, specifications, plans, formal proposals, tender documents, etc. Participation in their selected engineering discipline is expected. Students should continue to gain an appreciation of the use and importance of acquired analytical skills in engineering analysis as well as the application of specifications and codes. Students should have a level of responsibility commensurate with their academic background and experience. The promotion criteria for this work term will be determined by the Committee on Undergraduate Studies. Students in the new program can apply to enter Work Terms 5 and 6.

CH: 0

9.2 Engineering One Courses

1010 Engineering Statics is the first course in Engineering mechanics. Forces and moments are described with vector algebra, leading to a description of the equilibrium conditions for particles and solid bodies. The importance of free body diagrams is highlighted. This knowledge is then applied to the analysis of trusses, frames and machines. Additional topics include an examination of friction and the concepts of centre of force, centroids and second moments of area.

Engineering Statics 1000
CR: the former ENGI 1313
OR: tutorial 1 hour per week
PR: Level III Physics or Physics 1020 or equivalent

1020 Introduction to Programming is an introduction to algorithmic problem solving techniques and computer programming, including basic control structures (sequence, call, loop) and data representations, functional decomposition, and design by contract. Exercises and examples are drawn from a variety of engineering disciplines and are implemented using a standard modern programming language.

CR: the former ENGI 2420
LH: at least four 2-hour sessions per semester
PR: Level III Advanced Mathematics or Mathematics 1090

1030 Engineering Graphics and Design provides two complementary competencies. Firstly, it provides an introduction to the fundamentals of graphic communication, including orthographic projections, three dimensional pictorials, sectioning and dimensioning. Both sketching and CAD are utilized. Secondly, the course introduces students to standard design methodologies. The graphics and design competencies are reinforced through lab and project exercises.

LH: 3
PR: Level III Advanced Mathematics or Mathematics 1090

1040 Mechanisms and Electric Circuits is offered in two serial modules, including laboratory and workshop practice, and a team project to expose students to the concept of system integration involving electrical and mechanical systems. The electrical module provides an introduction to dc circuits, with an analysis of dc circuits used in control, measurement and instrumentation systems. The mechanism module provides an introduction to machine components such as belts, pulleys, gears, and simple linkages. The laboratory and workshop component introduces students to hands-on practice in basic laboratory instruments, tools and safety procedures. A team project involves the construction, assembly and testing of a simple mechanism.

LH: 3
PR: Level III Physics or Physics 1051 (which may be taken concurrently) and Mathematics 1000 (which may be taken concurrently).

9.3 Academic Term 3 Courses

3001 Ocean/Naval Design is an introductory course to design in naval architecture and marine engineering. It introduces the design challenges in a marine setting. A series of modules will familiarize the students with the main design issues. The first module covers the basic economic question of why ships are built. This is followed by an examination of the materials of construction and the primary fabrication method – welding. The third module deals with manufacturing, including design for manufacturing and the workflow process itself. The final module examines methods of marine design and performance evaluation. This covers numerical and experimental simulation methods and design software. There are several relevant labs and a design project.

LH: at least six 3-hour laboratory sessions per semester

3054 Ocean Engineering Hydrostatics is an introductory course to naval architecture and marine engineering. It discusses the basic principles of the statics of rigid floating or submerged structures. These include: ships, offshore platforms and submersibles. Methods of analysis of the hydrostatics, stability and trim, damage stability and the statics of mooring systems are introduced. Applications are also discussed.

LH: at least nine 3-hour laboratory sessions per semester
PR: ENGI 1010

3101 The Engineering Workplace is a course that deals with issues associated with professional engineering practice. Topics will include workplace and professional ethics, public and workplace occupational health
and safety including first-aid, equity, gender and diversity issues, and technical written, oral and visual communication.

AR: attendance is required

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>CR</th>
<th>LH</th>
<th>PR</th>
<th>OR</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4244</td>
<td>Engineering Mathematics</td>
<td>includes ordinary differential equations of first and second order; linear ordinary differential equations of higher order, methods of undetermined coefficients and variation of parameters; applications to electric circuits and mass-spring systems; Laplace transforms; partial differential equation; convergence of series; Taylor and binomial series; remainder term; and an introduction to Fourier series.</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3425</td>
<td>Mathematics for Civil Engineering</td>
<td>includes sequences &amp; series, functions of a single parameter, conic sections, polar coordinates, partial differentiation, multiple integration, introduction to first order ordinary differential equations</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3600</td>
<td>Introduction to Process Engineering</td>
<td>includes the principles of mass and energy balances, heat and mass transfer, and thermodynamics. The course uses extensive examples from industrial processes. In laboratory sessions students will use HYSYS and QL software to study process characteristics.</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3703</td>
<td>Surveying and Geomatics</td>
<td>includes plane surveying: distance, elevation, and angle measurements; horizontal and vertical curves; plane survey calculations; area and volume computations. Photogrammetry will be studied, including sensors and platforms, mathematics of photogrammetry, instruments and equipment, photogrammetric products, digital photogrammetry, remote sensing, and introduction to global positioning and geographical information systems (GIS). A surveying field school to introduce students to the use of surveying equipment and mapping will be held in the first two weeks of the term.</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3731</td>
<td>Materials for Construction</td>
<td>includes the properties of metals and nonmetals; deformation of metals; strengthening mechanisms in metals; concrete and cementitious materials; admixtures; iron and steel; brick masonry; concrete masonry; mortar grout and plaster; reinforced masonry structures; wood and wood products. Relevant experiments are conducted</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3821</td>
<td>Circuit Analysis</td>
<td>begins with a review of elementary circuits, then considers wye-delta transformation, bridge circuits; transient analysis of first- and second-order circuits; sinusoidal steady state analysis, phasor diagrams, maximum power transfer, frequency selective circuits (filters); and Laplace transforms in circuit analysis (transients, steady state, transfer functions).</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3861</td>
<td>Digital Logic</td>
<td>includes number systems and Boolean algebra; minimization techniques for Boolean functions; basic combinational logic circuit analysis and design; flip-flops, state machine design and implementation; decoders, multiplexers, registers, counters; simple arithmetic and logic unit (ALU) algorithms; introduction to hardware description languages (VHDL) for logic component and circuit modelling.</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3891</td>
<td>Advanced Programming</td>
<td>includes advanced procedural language programming; data structures, user defined types, pointers; modularization techniques, scope and data hiding; object-oriented programming; classes, objects and attributes; data encapsulation, member and non-member functions; overloading, methods and friend functions; inheritance, sub- and super-classes; templates.</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
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LH = Laboratory hours per week; OR = Other requirements of the course such as tutorials, practical sessions, or seminars; PR = Prerequisite(s); UL = Usage limitation(s).

4. Academic Term 4 Courses

4.11 Resistance and Propulsion | examines the phenomena resisting the motions of ships and some factors considered in the design of the marine screw propeller. The topics include the resistance due to friction, wave making, form appendage, wind and waves, squat, blockage, and shallow water effects, and also include the estimation of powering using mathematical series and statistical methods. Topics considered in the design of the marine screw propeller include propeller theory, blade sections, blade strength, methodical series charts, efficiency elements, lifting line calculations, cavitation, and propellers in non-uniform flow. | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 |

4.21 Engineering Economics | is an introduction to the concepts in Geology and Mining with emphasis on applications in Civil, Geological, Mining and Environmental Engineering through the use of case histories. It includes the study of rocks and minerals in selected field and laboratory exercises. | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 |
4424 Discrete Mathematics for Computer Engineering is an introduction to discrete mathematics including a selection of topics such as propositional logic, introductory predicate logic, mathematical reasoning, induction, sets, relations, functions, integers, graphs, trees, and models of computation.
CR: the former ENGI 3422
OR: tutorial 1 hour per week
PR: Mathematics 2050

4425 Mathematics for Civil Engineering II examines the analytical solutions of ordinary differential equations of the first and higher orders and numerical methods: errors, round off and stability, solution to non-linear equations, curve fitting and interpolation methods, numerical differentiation and integration.
CR: 4
CR: the former ENGI 4422
LC: 4
OR: tutorial 1 hour per week
PR: ENGI 3425

4430 Advanced Calculus for Engineering includes parametric vector functions; polar curves; gradient, divergence and curl; multiple integration; vector calculus, theorems of Green, Stokes and Gauss; an introduction to partial differential equations; and application of advanced calculus to relevant engineering problems.
CR: 4
CR: the former ENGI 5432
LC: 4
OR: tutorial 1 hour per week
PR: ENGI 3424

4602 Process Engineering Thermodynamics extends the study started in ENGI 3901 of thermodynamics, with special reference to chemical process applications: basic laws, thermodynamic properties of pure fluids and mixtures, heat engines, multicomponent systems, thermal/mechanical equilibrium, chemical equilibrium, and thermodynamics of chemical processes. Special emphasis is placed on the application of thermodynamics to practical problems in chemical engineering such as phase equilibria, solutions and reaction equilibria in separations and reaction engineering.
CR: CHEM 2300, the former CHEM 3300
PR: ENGI 3901

4621 Process Mathematical Methods introduces numerical methods in chemical engineering processes; sets of linear algebraic equations; simultaneous, non-linear equations; polynomial functions; numerical integration; numerical differentiation; higher order ordinary differential equations, stiff equations, Runge-Kutta methods, boundary value problems, applications of eigenvalue problems (numerical solutions). It provides applications of the methods to different aspects of process engineering such as reactor design, separation, process modeling, equipment design and analysis.
CO: ENGI 4625
PR: ENGI 3424

4625 Process Engineering Calculations is an introduction to the analysis of chemical processes with an emphasis on mass and energy balances. Stoichiometric relationships, ideal and real gas behaviour are also covered. The course will help process engineering majors in their second year to develop a framework for the analysis of flow sheet problems and will present systematic approaches for manual and computer-aided solution of full scale balance problems.
CO: ENGI 4602
PR: ENGI 3901

4717 Applied Environmental Science and Engineering examines the nature and scope of environmental problems; concept of sustainable development; natural environmental hazards; introduction to ecology, microbiology and epidemiology; basic concepts of environmental quality parameters and standards; solid and hazardous wastes; atmospheric, noise, and water pollution, their measurements, and control.
LH: at least ten 3-hour sessions per semester
PR: Completion of Term 3 of the Civil Engineering program

4723 Geotechnical Engineering I begins with an introduction to soil as a three-phase material and includes mechanical and electrical analogues; structure; classification of soils; soil compaction; hydraulic properties; permeability; flow of water in soil; flow nets; effective stress concept in soils; stresses in soils beneath loaded areas; and one-dimensional consolidation theory.
LH: 3
OR: tutorial 1 hour per week
PR: completion of Term 3 of the Civil Engineering program

4823 Introduction to Systems and Signals begins with an introduction to systems, signals, and includes mechanical and electrical analogues; principles of linear superposition and time-invariance; definitions, properties, and use of the delta function; applications of complex variables and functions; impulse and step responses; input-output relations of continuous-time systems in terms of convolution and transfer functions; frequency response plots; the Fourier transform and applications; applications of Laplace transforms to filtering, communications, and controls.
OR: tutorial 1 hour per week
PR: ENGI 3424, ENGI 3821

4841 Electromechanical Devices includes an introduction to fundamental principles of energy conversion; review of three-phase systems; magnetic fields and circuits; transformer models, performance and applications; basic concepts of rotating machines; performance and control of dc machines.
CR: the former ENGI 5842
LH: at least six 3-hour sessions per semester
OR: at least ten tutorials per semester
PR: ENGI 3424, ENGI 3821

4854 Electronic Circuits I begins with an introduction to semiconductor electronic devices and circuits using operational amplifiers, diodes, bipolar junction transistors and field effect transistors. Topics covered include operational amplifier configurations and analysis; basic principles, dc and small-signal models and analysis of p-n junction diodes, bipolar junction transistors and field effect transistors; differential and multistage amplifiers; practical applications of the devices to the design of power supplies, amplifiers and switching circuits. CAD tools are used to illustrate the analysis and design of electronic circuits.
LH: at least ten 3-hour sessions per semester
OR: tutorial 1 hour per week
PR: ENGI 3821, Physics 3000

4862 Microprocessors is a course on microprocessor architecture; assembly language programming: addressing modes, table look up; mapped devices; interfacing techniques: parallel, serial; timing control; analog input and output, and computer displays.
LH: at least eight 3-hour sessions per semester
PR: ENGI 3891

4892 Data Structures examines fundamental data structures; recursive structures and programming techniques; modularity and reusable code; and complexity and efficient data structures; procedural abstraction; data abstraction and precise documentation of data structures.
CO: ENGI 4424
PR: ENGI 3891

4901 Thermodynamics II examines thermodynamic cycles: power and refrigeration applications; human comfort and air conditioning; mixture of gases and vapours, humidity, psychrometrics; chemically reacting mixtures and combustion.
LH: at least two 2-hour sessions per semester
PR: ENGI 3901

4932 Mechanisms and Machines includes an overview of mechanisms within machines; graphical and analytical methods for position, velocity, and acceleration analysis of moving mechanisms; kinematics and kinetics of planar mechanisms; static and dynamic loads on mechanisms and an introduction to mechanism synthesis. There is an analysis project.
CR: the former ENGI 3933
OR: tutorial 1 hour per week
PR: ENGI 3934

4951 Mechatronics I focuses on sensors and instrumentation. The topics presented in the course are: electric circuits; electronic sensors; signal conditioning and instrumentation. There is a sensors project and 4 laboratory exercises.
LH: at least four 1-hour sessions per semester
PR: ENGI 1040

9.5 Academic Term 5 Courses

5003 Ship Structures I examines longitudinal strength, still water and wave bending moment, shear and bending moment curves, Smith Correction, section modulus calculation, torsion and racking forces; bulkhead and girder scantlings, portal frame analysis by moment distribution and energy method; finite element analysis and the use of Classification Society rules for design of midship section.
CR: the former ENGI 6002
PR: ENGI 4312

5020 Marine Propulsion is a second course in marine propellers and ship powering. The purpose of this course is to give students the principles of design and analysis of marine screw propellers and other propulsion devices. The course introduces various marine propulsion devices including conventional and unconventional propulsion systems. It covers methods of propeller design and propeller design philosophy. Emphasis is placed on the design of fixed-pitch propellers based on the lifting line theory and the design of ducted propellers. The student will also develop some insight into the design of other propulsion systems such as waterjets and sails.
CR: the former ENGI 6020
LH: at least one 3-hour session per semester
PR: ENGI 4020

AR = Attendance requirement; CH = Credit hours are 3 unless otherwise noted; CO = Co-requisite(s); CR = Credit can be retained for only one course from the set(s) consisting of the course being described and the course(s) listed; LC = Lecture hours per week are 3 unless otherwise noted; LH = Laboratory hours per week; OR = Other requirements of the course such as tutorials, practical sessions, or seminars; PR = Prerequisite(s); UL = Usage limitation(s).
5312 Mechanics of Solids I

Mechanics of Solids I begins with an introduction to earlier concepts and then considers strain transformation; deflections of beams and shafts, energy methods; failure theories; buckling of columns and the inelastic behavior of beams.

LH: at least five 3-hour sessions per semester
PR: ENGI 4312

5420 Probability and Random Processes

Includes basic concepts in probability, random variables, multiple random variables, descriptive statistics, random processes and selected applications for engineering.

PR: Mathematics 1001

5434 Applied Mathematical Analysis

Examines numerical and analytical solutions of applied mathematical problems in Civil Engineering, problems with higher order ordinary differential equations, stiff equations, systems of ODE, Runge-Kutta methods, boundary value problems, applications of eigen value problems (numerical solutions), Fourier analysis, elliptic, parabolic and hyperbolic partial differential equations and their numerical solutions with engineering applications.

PR: ENGI 4425

5601 Mass Transfer

Covers diffusive as well as convective mass transfer, mass transfer correlations, and the application to absorption and dehumidification.

LH: at least seven 2-hour sessions per semester
PR: ENGI 4602

5621 Process Modelling and Analysis

Is designed to introduce the concepts of process model building and its application in design and process scheduling. It includes fundamentals of process modelling, lumped parameter dynamic models, distributed parameter models, advanced dynamic model development, application of process models, and computer-aided process design. The course will also introduce concepts and applications of process optimization, process flow sheet optimization, process scheduling, and process flexibility analysis.

PR: ENGI 4621, ENGI 4625

5671 Process Equipment Design I

Introduces the principles of unit operations, grouped into four sections: fluid mechanics, heat transfer, mass transfer and mass transfer equipment optimization, and the application of unit operations to other processes. It also includes design and operation fundamentals of unit operations: size reduction, filtration, evaporation, drying, crystallization, and humidification, and membrane separation.

CO: ENGI 5601
LH: at least four 2-hour sessions per semester
PR: ENGI 4621, ENGI 4625

5706 Design of Concrete Structures

Begin with a review of concrete mix design. Topics include design methods and requirements, strength of rectangular and round sections in bending, operations involving particulate solids. It also includes design and operation fundamentals of unit operations: size reduction, filtration, evaporation, drying, crystallization, and humidification, and membrane separation.

CR: ENGI 5621
OR: tutorial 1 hour per week
PR: ENGI 4621, ENGI 4625

5713 Fluid Mechanics

Examines fluid characteristics; fluid statics; buoyancy and stability; kinematics; pressure measurement; continuity, energy and momentum principles; energy and hydraulic grade lines; free jets; laminar and turbulent flow; dimensional analysis; drag on immersed bodies; flow measurement.

OR: the former ENGI 4913
LH: at least five 1-hour sessions per semester
PR: ENGI 4425

5723 Geotechnical Engineering II

Examines shear strength of soil, types of laboratory and in-situ soil tests; immediate and consolidation settlement of foundations; plastic equilibrium in soils; limit equilibrium method; earth retaining structures; introduction to bearing capacity theories; and stability of slopes. Relevant laboratory exercises and projects are also included.

CR: the former ENGI 6723
LH: 3
PR: ENGI 4723

5800 Electrical Engineering Design

Students will work in pairs on small projects that will require them to follow a hierarchy of design process which includes general product definition, specifications and requirements, functional block diagrams, definition of specification of functional blocks for circuit level synthesis and implementation, system integration, simulation or modelling, testing and verification. The small projects are designed to encourage project management, motivation of students to learn and practice the process of design. The course will culminate in a large design project.

CO: ENGI 5821, ENGI 5854
LC: at least ten 2-hour sessions per semester
OR: meetings with project supervisor as required
PR: ENGI 4841, ENGI 4854, ENGI 4862

5812 Basic Electromagnetics

Includes a review of relevant vector calculus, including the divergence, gradient and curl operators in Cartesian, cylindrical and spherical coordinates, divergence theorem, Stokes' theorem, and Laplace’s and Poisson’s equations. Topics in electrostatics include Coulomb’s law, potential and energy, conductors, dielectrics, capacitance and electric field boundary conditions. Topics for magnetism include the steady magnetic field, the Boltz-Savart law, Ampere’s law, magnetic force, potential and magnetic materials and boundary conditions.

PR: ENGI 3821, ENGI 4430

5821 Control Systems I

Introduces an introduction to control systems with a negative feedback; mathematical modelling and transfer functions of dynamical systems; block diagram reduction and signal flow graphs; control realizations using op-amps; transient response analysis; Root locus analysis and design; frequency response analysis; Bode diagram; gain margin and phase margins; compensator design in frequency domain; object stability criterion; A/D and D/A conversion, digital implementations of analog compensators; and an introduction to PID controller tuning methods.

LH: at least four 3-hour sessions per semester
PR: ENGI 4823, ENGI 4854

5854 Electronic Circuits II

Includes an introduction to digital electronics; transient and frequency response of amplifier circuits; feedback amplifier analysis and design, stability and compensation techniques; noise and distortion in electronic circuits; analysis and design of data converters; and an introduction to analog filter design. CAD tools are used to illustrate the analysis and design of electronic circuits.

LH: at least five 3-hour sessions per semester
PR: ENGI 4823, ENGI 4854

5865 Digital Systems

Includes concepts, language, tools, and issues pertaining to specification, modelling, analysis, simulation, testing and synthesis of digital systems, including PLD, FPGA, and ASIC devices. Industry standard CAD tools will be used in this course to facilitate system design and testing.

LH: at least ten 3-hour sessions per semester
PR: ENGI 3891, ENGI 4862

5895 Software Design

Examines the development process: requirement analysis, design, iterative development, design documentation; an introduction to the Unified Modelling Language; use cases, class diagrams and sequence diagrams; an introduction to software design patterns; creational patterns, structural patterns and behavioural patterns; object oriented, modular decomposition. The course includes a major design project.

OR: at least 15 lecture hours per semester
OR: meetings with project supervisor as required
PR: ENGI 4892

5911 Chemistry and Physics of Engineering Materials

Examines aspects of chemical and physical processes and microscopic structure relevant to the production and use of engineering materials, focussing on steel, non-ferrous alloys, silicates, polymers, cements, clays, glasses, and wood. Topics include solid-state solutions and compounds, alloy structures, phase diagrams, reaction rates, solid-state transformations, polymerization, oxidation and corrosion, hardness, creep, fatigue, fracture toughness and visco-elastic deformation.

CR: the former ENGI 3205
LH: at least four 3-hour sessions per semester
OR: tutorial 1 hour per week
PR: ENGI 3911

5927 Mechanical Component Design I

Examines adequacy assessment and synthesis of machine elements with a focus on failure prevention, safety factors, and strength; static failure of brittle and brittle materials, fatigue analysis of components. Topics include the design of power screws, bolted connections, welded, springs, and shafts.

CR: the former ENGI 5926
LH: at least eight 3-hour sessions per semester
PR: ENGI 4312

5931 Advanced Mechanics of Deformable Solids

Examines stresses due to concentrated loads, thin-walled pressure vessels, transformation of stresses and strains, principal stresses and strains (two and three dimensional stresses), Mohr’s circle, theory failures, stress concentrations, energy methods, buckling of columns, thick-walled cylindrical pressure vessels, rotating disks, multilayer thick walled pressure vessels, shrink fits and contact stresses.

CR: ENGI 5312
LH: at least four 2-hour sessions per semester
PR: ENGI 4312

5951 Mechatronics II

Focuses on drives and controllers. The topics covered in the course are: electric motors; actuators; control systems; there is a motors project and 4 laboratory exercises.

LH: at least four 1-hour sessions per semester
PR: ENGI 4951

5961 Fluid Mechanics

Examines fluid statics; fluid flow phenomena;
control volume analysis; conservation of mass, momentum, and energy; Bernoulli equation; head loss; applications of conservation laws: flow measurement devices; pipe networks; momentum devices, dimensional analysis, boundary layer phenomena, lift and drag.

CR: the former ENGI 4913

LH: at least five 1-hour sessions per semester

9.6 Academic Term 6 Courses

6003 Ship Structures II is an introduction to ship structural strength and rational design. Topics include local strength analysis, elastic, plastic and ultimate stress limits, floating, frames and grilles, buckling of columns and plates and fatigue and fracture in ships.

CR: the former ENGI 7002

LH: at least one 4-hour session per semester

PR: ENGI 5003

6005 Floating Ocean Structures Design introduces floating structures used in the offshore petroleum industry, along with functional requirements, such as drilling and production, of the platforms. Field development criteria are discussed in the context of platform concept selection and synthesis. Environmental loads are examined focusing on wave loads and ice loads. Drift friction theory and its application on offshore structures is presented. Offshore safety is discussed in terms of major hazards, risk management, and case studies.

CR: the former ENGI 7005

PR: ENGI 3054

6030 Dynamics and Maneuvering of Ocean Vehicles examines applications of the linearised equations of motion to ocean vehicle problems with single and multiple degrees of freedom; dynamics and maneuvering of marine vehicles; motions in calm water and in waves; hydrodynamics effects such as added mass, radiation and viscous damping; strip theory; irregular motions; and systems for course keeping and motion control.

PR: ENGI 3054, ENGI 4020

6101 Assessment of Technology deals with the issues of the impact of technology and technology policy from an economic, environmental and sociological point of view. Public safety as an engineering responsibility will also be covered. Students will be expected to participate in group discussions, write a number of essays and give oral presentations.

6322 Thermal Sciences examines fundamental concepts associated with thermodynamics, fluid dynamics and heat transfer; first and second laws of thermodynamics; system and control volume analysis; classification of flows; introduction to boundary layers and drag; convection, conduction and radiation heat transfer; thermal insulation and calculation of R-values; and cooling of electrical components.

CR: the former ENGI 4322

PR: ENGI 5312

6602 Offshore Petroleum Geology and Technology introduces basic concepts in geology and geophysics of the offshore environment. An outline of petroleum geology is presented, following a path from the origins of hydrocarbons through migration in the Earth’s crust, accumulation in reservoirs and the strategies used to discover and to exploit liquids found in the subsurface. Topics include an introduction to the offshore oil and gas industry; environment; type of platforms and structures; exploration; exploration phase of offshore oil development, production drilling and completion processes and equipment, and oil and gas transportation system. There are case studies and a project.

PR: completion of Academic Term 5

6631 Chemical Reaction Engineering will cover the fundamentals of chemical kinetics, reaction rates expressions as well as the types of reactors, homogeneous and heterogeneous (catalytic) reactors, and the interrelation between transport phenomena and reaction engineering as it applies to process design. It also includes non-ideal flow, non-ideal reactors, catalytic reaction system, and multiphase reactors.

LH: at least four 2-hour sessions per semester

PR: ENGI 4621, ENGI 5961

6651 Sustainable Engineering in Processing Industries will introduce students to sustainable development and its application to processing operations. Areas such as traditional economic growth, materials cycles, methods for measuring environmental impact, life cycle analysis, waste treatment technologies and recycling technologies will be covered. In addition, the concept of industrial ecology will be included.

PR: ENGI 4625, ENGI 5601

6671 Process Equipment Design II will cover design and operation of equilibrium stage separation processes including distillation, extraction, and merchandising. It will also cover advanced concept of equipment design such as heterogeneous system, multiphase system, absorption, and adsorption operation and computer assisted design. Course will use HYSYS and other process equipment design tools.

LH: at least four 2-hour sessions per semester

PR: ENGI 5601, ENGI 5671

6705 Structural Analysis I examines structure classification and loads, building code provisions, analysis of statically determinate arches and frames, shear and moment diagrams for frames, influence lines for statically determinate structures, approximate analysis of indeterminate trusses and frames, the force method of analysing indeterminate frames and, an introduction to slope deflection method, and moment distribution method.

LH: at least five 3-hour sessions per semester

PR: ENGI 5312

6707 Design of Concrete and Masonry Structures examines design methods for reinforced concrete two-way slabs, two-way slabs supported on walls and stiff beams, design of two-way slab systems, direct design method and equivalent frame method, design of concrete retaining walls and backfilled walls, engineered masonry, allowable masonry stresses, mortar stress, analysis and design of flexural members, axial load and bending in reinforced and unreinforced walls, columns and masonry shear walls.

LH: 2

PR: ENGI 5706

6713 Hydraulics examines flow in pipe systems and networks; uniform and non-uniform flow in open channels; hydraulic machinery and associated conduits; design and analysis of culverts; and pipeline/pump system optimization.

LH: at least four 3-hour sessions per semester

PR: ENGI 5713

6718 Environmental Geotechniques examines soil characteristics; soil mineralogy; soil-water interaction; soil contaminant interactions; advection, adsorption and diffusion; non-aqueous phase liquids; geosynthetics; design of landfills; and use of waste materials. Relevant software programs are used.

CR: the former ENGI 7718

PR: ENGI 5723

6749 Construction Planning Equipment and Methods includes construction equipment selection and utilization; earthmoving including use of explosives; case studies of major civil projects; principles of project planning and control; computer applications to the construction industry.

CR: the former ENGI 8749

PR: completion of Term 5 of the Civil Engineering program

6813 Electromagnetic Fields is a continuation of the topics started in Engineering Physics II, including a review of electronics and magnetostatics, Maxwell’s equations, Lorentz force, Poynting’s theorem, plane waves, and applications including two-wire transmission lines.

LH: at least three 3-hour sessions per semester

PR: ENGI 5812

6843 Rotating Machines examines the fundamentals of rotating machines; design of machine windings; polyphase and single phase induction motor theory and applications; synchronous machine theory; stability and control of synchronous generators; control and protection of rotating machines, an introduction to A.C. motor drives, and machines.

LH: at least six 3-hour sessions per semester

PR: ENGI 4841

6855 Industrial Controls and Instrumentation examines control and instrumentation system components; transducers and signal processing circuits, linear variable differential transformers, power oscillators; control of mechanical actuators, solenoids, power drives; A/D and D/A conversion, standard PC interfaces; real-time operating systems; design of discrete-time feedback controllers on a PC platform; system integration, control system testing and troubleshooting; programming soft-PLC’s using IEC 651.

LH: at least ten 3-hour sessions per semester

PR: ENGI 5821

6856 Power Electronics is an overview of power semiconductor switches, an introduction to energy conversion and control techniques and examination of controlled rectifiers; phase-controlled converters; switch-mode dc/dc converters; variable frequency dc/ac inverters; ac/ac converters; design of thyristor commutation circuits, gate and base drive circuits, and snubber circuits; thermal models and heat sink design.

CR: the former ENGI 7846

LH: at least ten 3-hour sessions per semester

PR: ENGI 5854

6861 Computer Architecture begins with a review of microprocessors and computer organization. Topics include fundamentals of computer design, performance metrics and cost; instruction set architecture; memory hierarchy design: cache, main memory and virtual memory; pipelining; hazards, parallelism; special purpose processors; multiprocessors and thread-level parallelism.

PR: ENGI 4862

6871 Communication Principles begins with a review of signal representation and analysis and includes distortionless signal transmission, analog modulation (AM, FM and PM), super-heterodyne receiver, sampling theorem, pulse amplitude modulation (PAM), pulse code modulation (PCM),
7000 Ocean Systems Design examines the preliminary design methods for the design of marine platforms and vehicles from mission statement to the selection of one or more acceptable solutions; weight and cost estimating, power requirements estimating, and selection of principal design characteristics and economic and operational evaluation of alternative solutions. There are relevant design laboratory projects.

CR: the former ENGI 7052
LH: 3
PR: ENGI 3001, ENGI 3054

7030 Vehicle Dynamics is a course in the dynamics of vehicles of all types. This includes space craft, aircraft, automobiles, rail vehicles, boats, and underwater vehicles. The course will focus on the basic mechanics of vehicles, equilibrium, lift, powering, stability and performance.

LH: at least one 3-hour session per semester  
PR: ENGI 3934

7033 Marine Hydrodynamics examines the fundamental equations of hydrodynamics, boundary layers; potential flow, added mass, damping, circulation, and vorticity; numerical methods for hydrodynamic coefficients; water waves and loading for regular and irregular seas.

LH: at least one 3-hour session per semester  
PR: ENGI 4020

7045 Marine Engineering Systems examines shafting system design; shafting system vibration analysis, study of exciting forces and moments, balancing of reciprocating and rototary machinery; heat transfer and marine heat exchangers; incompressible fluid flow and piping system design and selection of appropriate pumping devices.

CH: 4  
LC: 4  
LH: 1  
PR: ENGI 3901, ENGI 6933

7047 Process Engineering Project I gives students the opportunity to apply the knowledge gained in previous design and technical courses to the complete design of a piece of process equipment, e.g. distillation column, evaporator, membrane separation unit, etc. The goal is to expose the students to practical design issues that arise in process equipment design, and to provide experience in the complete design process as applied to real devices. This course is a prerequisite to ENGI 8640 where students will work in groups to design a process system.

PR: ENGI 5621, ENGI 6671

7048 Process Engineering Project II begins with a review of Design Concepts, and provides students with the knowledge and experience of engineering projects in the process discipline. The project topic will be from the offshore oil and gas engineering discipline. The project topic will be from the offshore oil and gas engineering discipline. Lectures will be scheduled as required. This is the Term 7 project and if the scope of the project is such that it needs to continue, then the student will have the option to continue the same project in Term 8 (in ENGI 8650).

LH: at least nine 2-hour sessions per semester  
LC: completion of Academic Term 6

7051 Industrial Pollution Control/Pollution Prevention is designed to introduce methods of industrial pollution assessment and control. Topics include waste characterization, water pollution assessment, water pollution control, air pollution assessment and control, solid waste assessment and control, pollution prevention, environmental risk assessment and risk based decision making.

PR: ENGI 5621, ENGI 6671

7800 Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition examines data acquisition and intelligent field devices; distributed systems and fieldbus technology; programmable logic controllers and programming standards; operator control interface; supervisory control and data acquisition; and enterprise organization.

LH: at least four 3-hour sessions per semester  
PR: ENGI 5821

7891 Mining and Metallurgical Process Engineering is designed to provide students with a basic fundamental background to the mining, mineral processing, and extractive metallurgical processing industry from both traditional and modern industrial methodologies. Concepts such as a mine design, mineral flow sheets, extraction methods, and examples from industrial applications will be reviewed with problems.

LH: at least four 2-hour sessions per semester  
PR: completion of academic term 6 of the process engineering program

7704 Design of Steel Structures begins with a review of Design Concepts, Standards and Products. Topics include design of members and connections, tension members, bolted joints, welded joints, compression
memories, stability and effective length, flexural members, beams & beam-columns, plate girders, composite construction, introduction to serviceability, and deflections.

LH: at least four 2-hour sessions per semester
PR: ENGI 5706 or approval of the Discipline Chair

7706 Finite Element Structural Analysis includes a review of basic concepts required for FEA, basics of stiffness formulation, direct stiffness method, displacement method, one dimensional elements, trusses and frames. Topics include 1-D fluid and heat transfer elements: heat analysis and modelling concepts, higher order elements, two dimensional elements - plate stress and plane strain, introduction to 3D and other topics.

- introduction to advanced topics and isoparametric formulation.

LH: at least eight 2-hour sessions per semester
PR: ENGI 6705 or approval of the Discipline Chair

7707 Reliability and Environmental Loading on Offshore Structures begins with an introduction to natural phenomena that cause loading and influence the design of marine structures. Topics include the interpretation and utilization of weather data for the determination of design loads for wind, waves currents and ice and case studies of load analysis for the design of offshore structures in Atlantic Canada.

PR: ENGI 5312

7713 Hydrology and Water Resources examines precipitation, snowmelt, infiltration, runoff and streamflow; statistical treatment of hydrologic data; hydrograph analysis and synthesis; evaporation; design floods; reservoir storage and flood routing; urban run-off and drainage.

LH: at least 6 hours per semester
PR: ENGI 5713, ENGI 6322

7716 Hydrotechnical Engineering examines the theory and application of steady and transient flow in artificial and natural channels and open ground with an introduction to appropriate software; erosion protection and mobile-boundary hydraulics; problems with ice in rivers, the design of spillways, energy dissipators, and culverts; physical scale models. There is an introduction to water hammer and surge tanks.

LH: at least four 3-hour sessions per semester
PR: ENGI 6713

7723 Geotechnical Engineering III examines soil investigation and site characterization; pile foundations; embankment dams; elements of geotechnical engineering; slope stability; free convection and forced convection; and numerical methods in geotechnical engineering. The students select two of the above topics on which they are interested in concentrating their efforts. Bi-weekly lectures are offered on the other topics at an informal level.

PR: ENGI 5723

7745 Highway Engineering examines design and construction of highways including driver, vehicle and road characteristics; highway location and geometric design; soil classification; subgrade and base materials; highway drainage; flexible and rigid pavement; and highway economics.

PR: completion of Term 6 of the Civil Engineering program

7748 Project Planning and Control includes an introduction to types of contracts, project delivery approaches, and prevailing contractual relationships. The course examines basic project management techniques for network planning and scheduling (CPM and PERT); principles of resource allocation, databases, preliminary estimating and detailed preparation; quantitative approaches for effective control of time, cost, resource, quality, and value of constructed facilities; use of computer software for scheduling, estimating, and control.

PR: completion of Term 6 of the Civil Engineering program

7803 Electrical Engineering Design Project I provides an opportunity for senior students to integrate the knowledge that they have acquired through the junior terms and apply it to solving an electrical engineering design problem. Students work in small teams with the assistance of a faculty mentor to define an appropriate design problem and propose a method of solution to the problem. The project is continued in ENGI 8853.

CR: the former ENGI 7800
LC: at least 10 lecture hours per semester
OR: weekly meetings with project supervisor
PR: completion of Term 6 of the Electrical Engineering program

7804 Computer Engineering Design Project I provides an opportunity for senior students to integrate the knowledge that they have acquired through the junior terms and apply it to solving a computer engineering design problem. Students work in small teams with the assistance of a faculty mentor to define an appropriate design problem and propose a method of solution to the problem. The project is continued in ENGI 8854.

CR: the former ENGI 7800
LC: at least 10 lecture hours per semester
OR: weekly meetings with project supervisor
PR: completion of Term 6 of the Computer Engineering program

7811 Antennas examines the fundamentals of electromagnetic radiation; potentials; small antennas and antenna parameters; thin linear wire antennas and antenna arrays; antenna impedance and ground effects; Friis transmission formula; and aperture antennas.

LH: at least three 3-hour sessions per semester
PR: ENGI 6813

7814 Electromagnetics for Communications examines vector calculus; Green's, Stokes' and Gaus's theorems; Maxwell's differential and integral equations; steady-state and time-varying aspects of Maxwell's equations; uniform plane wave propagation in various media; and applications of electromagnetics in communications.

PR: ENGI 5424, ENGI 5821

7824 Introduction to Digital Signal Processing examines sampling theorems, discrete Fourier transform, the efficient fast Fourier transform algorithm; elementary discrete-time signals; the discrete-time Fourier series; the discrete-time Fourier transform; discrete-time linear and time-invariant systems; linear constant-coefficient difference equations; the convolution sum; the z-transform and frequency response of discrete-time systems; an introduction to digital filter design techniques; and digital signal processing applications.

PR: ENGI 6871

7825 Control Systems II examines state space models for multi-input systems; observability; controllability; stability and optimality; optimization and stability; with integral controller structure, state observers; quadratic optimal regulator and tracking control strategies; discrete-time state equations; and an introduction to optimal control.

CR: the former ENGI 6825
PR: ENGI 5821

7844 Power System Analysis begins with an introduction to electric power systems. Topics include per unit quantities; transmission line parameters; modelling of power system components; single line diagrams; network conversion; load flow study; analysis and control; design of reactive power compensation for power system performance enhancement; tap changing, auto and control transformers for power system application; economic dispatch and optimal power flow studies.

LH: at least six 3-hour sessions per semester
PR: ENGI 6843

7854 Industrial Machine Vision is a senior undergraduate course in computer vision with an emphasis on techniques for automated inspection, object recognition, mechanical metrology, and robotics. Image processing courses typically focus for image enhancement, restoration, filtering, smoothing, etc. These topics will be covered to a certain degree but the main focus will be on image segmentation, feature extraction, morphological operators, recognition and photogrammetry. Issues related to the efficient software implementation of these techniques for real-time applications will also be addressed. While there is no prerequisite for this course non-computer engineering students must have reasonably strong programming skills.

7855 Communications Electronics begins with an introduction to communications systems components and a review of linear amplifiers. The course examines linear amplifier design and characteristics using s-parameters; power amplifiers; mixers; oscillators; modulator/demodulator circuits and subsystems; and the integration of subsystems into analog and digital communication systems.

LH: at least four 3-hour sessions per semester
PR: ENGI 5854, ENGI 8871

7856 Renewable Energy Systems examines the assessment of wind energy potential, wind turbine aerodynamics, types, modelling and control strategies; hybrid energy systems; energy storage; solar energy systems; photovoltaic, PV system engineering, stand-alone and grid connected systems, sizing and maximum power tracking; solar water pumping; micro-hydropower systems and control; tidal power, wave energy conversion, ocean thermal systems. Applications of hybrid energy system sizing software are also included in the course.

PR: ENGI 4841 or the former ENGI 5842

7894 Concurrent Programming surveys parallel and distributed architectures and examines patterns of concurrent program design, concurrency of concurrent programs: safety and liveliness properties, proof of properties; synchronization using locks, semaphores, and monitors; communication using message passing and remote procedures; synchronization for high-performance computation and advanced topics such as scientific applications, distributed systems, model checking, and transaction processing.

CR: the former ENGI 8893
PR: ENGI 6861, ENGI 6892

7901 Heat Transfer II examines advanced topics in heat transfer; multidimensional conduction; shape factors; number methods; moving heat sources; heat transfer equipment; heat exchangers, heat exchanger design principles; phase change heat transfer: melting, solidification, condensation, and boiling.

LH: at least one 3-hour session per semester
PR: ENGI 6901

AR = Attendance requirement; CH = Credit hours; are 3 unless otherwise noted; CO = Co-requisite(s); CR = Credit can be retained for only one course from the set(s) consisting of the course being described and the course(s) listed; LC = Lecture hours per week are 3 unless otherwise noted; LH = Laboratory hours per week; OR = Other requirements of the course such as tutorials, practical sessions, or seminars; PR = Prerequisite(s); UL = Usage limitation(s).
7903 Mechanical Equipment examines performance characteristics of mechanical equipment; fluid power devices; pipes; valves; pumps; fans; blowers; compressors; storage tanks; heat transfer devices; heat exchangers; boilers; cooling towers; and pressure vessels.

LH: at least three 1.5-hour sessions per semester
PR: ENGI 6901

7911 Industrial Materials examines physical and mechanical properties; industrial materials; metals and metal alloys, ceramics and polymer, composites; failure modes and mechanisms, non-destructive testing and evaluation; damage tolerant materials; material treatments; and materials selection.
CR: the former ENGI 6972
LH: at least 20 hours per semester
PR: ENGI 5911

7926 Mechanical Design Project I is the first of two capstone design courses in the Mechanical Discipline. In this course mechanical students are organized into small groups or teams, which must complete a design project. The project is presented as an open-ended problem statement with specific performance objectives. The system must be designed, prototyped and tested during the course of the term. Each team is a small consulting firm and is required to document its object planning as well as its design.
CR: the former ENGI 7936
LC: scheduled as required
LH: at least 10 hours per semester
PR: completion of Term 6 of Mechanical Engineering program

7928 Computer Aided Engineering Applications introduces a variety of Computer Aided Engineering (CAE) applications based on advanced 3D CAD modelling. The fundamentals of 3D modelling are covered including parametric and feature-based design. CAE applications include assembly modelling animation and finite element analysis. Further applications include Computer Aided Manufacturing (CAM); model based inspection (i.e. Coordinate Measurement Machines); reverse engineering; document/drawing production; data exchange; and data management. This course has a significant lab component, which provides exposure to solid modelling and CAE applications based on an industrial CAD/CAM/CAE package.
CR: the former ENGI 7962
LH: at least ten 3-hour sessions per semester
PR: ENGI 1030, ENGI 6927

7934 Finite Element Analysis examines the basis of the finite element method. The course examines continuum mechanics applications; beam problems, fluid mechanics problems, and heat transfer problems. There are relevant computer laboratory exercises
LH: at least ten 2-hour sessions per semester
PR: ENGI 4430, ENGI 5931

7952 Robotics and Automation provides the fundamentals in robotic manipulators and arms. The course provides basic understanding in coordinate transformations for spatial description, both kinematical and kinetic analysis, forces and dynamics and finally trajectory generations and path planning.
CR: the former ENGI 7944
LH: at least three 3-hour sessions per semester
PR: ENGI 1040, ENGI 4430

9.8 Academic Term 8 Courses

8000 Ocean and Naval Architectural Engineering Project executes the design project selected and approved in Term 7. The project must illustrate the application of previous design related courses, i.e., decision methods, impact assessments and application of technology. The subject may be ship design, marine system, directed research or a unique design solution. Lectures will be scheduled as required.
LH: 3
PR: ENGI 7000

8003 Small Craft Design presents the fundamentals of naval architecture as practised in the small craft design, and develops a methodology for a variety of craft: tenders, lifeboats, planning vessels, dinghies, coastal cruisers and large, state of the art racing yachts. The emphasis is on recreational craft of all sizes, with special emphasis on sailing vessels. Special topics, such as choice of materials, construction, scantlings, performance prediction, seaworthiness, tank testing, modern construction materials and techniques are covered. Specific design problems unique to small craft will be covered such as: mast design and sail area determination, and the state of the art in performance prediction. Students will do a design of their choice over duration of the course. Small weekly design studies will be required.
LH: at least 12 hours per semester
PR: ENGI 6030

8054 Advanced Marine Vehicles examines the concepts used in the design of advanced marine vehicles. Emphasis will be given to: structural design of craft constructed from fibre reinforced plastics; high speed marine vehicles (powering, structures, seakeeping and model testing); small craft.
LH: at least 9 hours per semester
PR: ENGI 5003

8058 Submersible Design examines the formulation of mission statement, presenting understanding of various design concepts including historical developments of submersibles design. The course studies the hydrostatics principles of floatation, stability and control of submersibles. Students will perform resistance and propulsion calculations. The course examines maneuvering and control equations, a survey of different materials and their selection criteria, the design of pressure hulls, the structural design of submersibles and a study of various support systems.
LH: at least 12 hours per semester
PR: ENGI 3054

8640 Process Engineering Project II is a design project that illustrates the application of previous engineering science and design related courses. Projects will be done by teams of students with individuals concentrating their participation in their own engineering discipline. The project topic will be from the process industry which includes the offshore oil and gas industry, mining and metal processing industry and chemical process industry.
LC: scheduled as required
PR: ENGI 7640

8650 Offshore Oil and Gas Engineering Project II is a multidisciplinary design project that illustrates the application of previous engineering science and design related courses. The project will be done by teams of students with individuals concentrating their participation in their own engineering discipline. The project topic will be from the offshore oil and gas engineering industry. Lectures will be scheduled as required.
CR: the former ENGI 8600
LC: 1
PR: ENGI 7650

8670 Reliability Engineering is an introduction to reliability engineering; physics of failure and failure mechanism, reliability measures and examinations; reliability of components and parts; complex system reliability and availability analysis; and field reliability assessment. The course includes case studies and a project.
PR: completion of Academic Term 6

8673 Subsea Geotechnical Engineering is an overview of in-situ soil investigations. Elements of soil behavior under cyclic loads, including liquefaction and cyclic mobility. Pipeline design in ice-scoured seabeds. API and other code requirements. Review of existing foundation systems including recent case studies. New foundation systems including drag anchors and suction caissons.
LH: 2

8676 Design of Natural Gas Handling Equipment covers process description, design methods, operating procedures, and troubleshooting aspects of gas production facilities, including separation operations, hydrate prevention and control, gas dehydration, NGL recovery and dew point control, gas transmission and pipeline design and transportation systems.
PR: completion of Academic Term 6

8677 Process Plant Design and Economics will provide a comprehensive picture of the availability and design of both traditional and current process equipment. Economic and optimization issues relevant to investment, product-cost estimation, and profitability analysis will also be addressed. The course will provide students with tools to evaluate the economics of process industries reflecting current economic criteria, and provide helpful guidelines to approaching, defining, and solving optimization problems.
PR: ENGI 7623

8680 Process Control and Instrumentation begins with an introduction to feedback and feedforward control systems, regulatory and servo control. Topics include modelling thermal gas, liquid and chemical processes, sensors and transmitters, control valve sizing for liquids and gases, industrial feedback controllers; design of feedback control loops, tuning of feedback controllers; cascade, ratio, auto-tune and selective control; feedforward control; multifluid control, control of piping and instrumentation diagrams, and control system documentation.
LH: at least four 3-hour sessions per semester.
PR: ENGI 5821

8690 Reservoir Engineering examines fluid pressure regimes, oil recovery calculation, calculation of hydrocarbon volumes, reservoir rock characteristics, reservoir fluid properties, porosity and permeability, material balance, and well test analysis.
PR: completion of Academic Term 6
8891 Petroleum Production Engineering examines the procedures and equipment necessary for preparing a well to produce hydrocarbons and maximizing flow rate during the life of the well; techniques for well productivity analysis in under-saturated, saturated, and natural gas reservoirs; well completion configuration tubulars; packers and subsurface flow control devices; completion and work over fluids; perforating oil and gas wells; formation damage; surfactants for well treatment; hydraulic fracturing; acidizing; scale deposition, removal, and prevention; work over and completion rigs; and artificial lift.

PR: completion of Academic Term 6

8892 Drilling Engineering for Petroleum Exploration & Production covers both offshore and onshore drilling operations and includes: rotary drilling rig operations, well construction sequence, drill string, drill bits, well bore hydraulics, casing and well heads, cementing, well control, directional and horizontal drilling, well planning and fishing operations, and extended reach, horizontal and multilateral well drilling techniques.

PR: completion of Academic Term 6

8893 Petroleum Facilities Engineering covers process description, design methods, operating procedures, and troubleshooting aspects of surface production facilities including separation systems, oil treating, water treating systems, custody transfer operations, transport and storage systems.

PR: completion of Academic Term 6

8894 Design in Petroleum Processing includes: oil and natural gas processing, oil and gas storage facilities and their design, oil and gas separation processes, petroleum refining processes, and de-bottle necking.

PR: completion of Academic Term 6

8896 Petroleum Refining Engineering will cover crude and refinery products properties and specifications, process description, design methods, operating procedures, and troubleshooting aspects of modern petroleum refining. It also includes hydrotreating, catalytic reforming, hydrocracking, isomerisation, refinery machinery, and utilities.

PR: completion of academic term 6 of the process engineering program

8700 Civil Engineering Project is a practically oriented design project integrated over the five areas in which Civil programs are offered. Students will operate in constant groups and will complete a design for a typical Civil Engineering undertaking. 

LC: scheduled as required

OR: 1 client meeting per week, 1 tutorial per week

PR: completion of Term 7 of the Civil Engineering program

8705 Structural Building Systems examines geometries, loads, safety and serviceability, procedure of using the national building code for evaluating the governing loads on structural members; design of low rise concrete, timber and steel buildings; lateral load-resisting elements and bracing systems; foundations systems; structural design analysis; design of buildings, pile cap design, pile group analysis using elastic centre method and inclined pile analysis; prestressed concrete concepts; strength of flexural members, and shear reinforcement for prestressed concrete beams.

LH: at least ten 3-hour sessions per semester

PR: ENGI 6707

8708 Offshore Structural Design examines guidelines and international codes and standards for offshore structural design; understanding design constraints and concepts of offshore fixed and floating structures; design considerations for fixed and offshore concrete platform; design consideration for offshore platform and floating production system design, and analysis of various support systems of the offshore structure.

PR: ENGI 7707

8713 Municipal Engineering includes water supply system overview; water consumption estimation; groundwater and surface water sources; oxygen demand and transfer; water treatment processes; water distribution systems and design software; sewer systems and design software; wastewater treatment processes; sludge handling; decentralized and on-site wastewater treatment.

PR: ENGI 7716

8717 Environmental Assessment, Monitoring and Control covers statistical analysis; pollution monitoring, and sampling network design; water quality and air quality modelling; environmental risk assessment; environmental impact assessment; site remediation and hazardous waste management; relevant field and case studies.

LH: at least ten 3-hour lab sessions per semester

PR: ENGI 4717

8740 Contract Law and Labour Relations is an introduction to law as it applies to engineering activity; the nature of law and legal processes, including: liens, bonds and insurances; the labour movement in North America; examination of union philosophies and managerial attitudes; labour law and collective bargaining; disputes and settlements.

CR: the former ENGI 6740

PR: completion of Term 7 of the Civil Engineering program

8751 Coastal and Ocean Engineering examines the coastal and ocean environment; ocean circulation and properties; waves and tides; instrumentation and measurement. Additional topics will be drawn from the areas of hydraulic, geotechnical and structural engineering. Relevant field experiences will be conducted.

PR: ENGI 6710

8821 Design of Digital Signal Processing Systems is a review of introductory digital signal processing (DSP) principles, including sampling theory and discrete-time systems and signals. Topics include transform analysis of DSP systems; issues in the implementation of DSP systems; design of IIR and FIR digital filters; computable transforms and their use in the frequency analysis of digital signals; and design of DSP systems for current and emerging applications of digital signal processing.

PR: ENGI 7824

8826 Filter Synthesis begins with an introduction to analog filters. The course examines descriptive terminology, transfer functions and frequency response of filters; design of first order passive and active filters; design and analysis of biquad circuit, Sallen key circuit, multiple feedback circuit and state variable filter; RC-RC transformation; inductance simulation circuit; cascade design principle; design of filters with maximally flat magnitude response; design of filters with equal ripple magnitude response; design of Bessel-Thomson filters; analysis and design of switched capacitor filters; and the use of Matlab for design of analog filters.

LH: at least four 3-hour sessions per semester

PR: ENGI 5854

8845 Power System Operation examines symmetrical components; power system fault analysis; power system stability; and power system protection.

LH: at least four 3-hour sessions per semester

PR: ENGI 7844

8853 Electrical Engineering Design Project II continues ENGI 7803 and provides an opportunity for senior students to integrate the knowledge they have acquired through the junior terms and apply it to solving an electrical engineering design problem. Students work in small teams with the assistance of a faculty mentor to complete detailed design, implementation and testing of an electrical engineering system to solve the problem as defined in 7803.

CR: the former ENGI 8800

LC: 0

OR: weekly meetings with project supervisor

PR: 7803

8854 Computer Engineering Design Project II continues ENGI 7804 and provides an opportunity for senior students to integrate the knowledge they have acquired through the junior terms and apply it to solving a computer engineering design problem. Students work in small teams with the assistance of a faculty mentor to complete detailed design, implementation and testing of an computer engineering system to solve the problem as defined in 7804.

CR: the former ENGI 8800

LC: 0

OR: weekly meetings with project supervisor

PR: 7804

8863 Introduction to LSI Design (same as Computer Science 4725) is an introduction to ASICs and ASIC design methodology and includes basic concepts of digital logic design tools and ASIC technology libraries; partitioning for logic synthesis and VHDL coding; constraining designs, synthesizing, simulation and optimization; design for testability; layout and placeout optimization and SDF generation; and static timing analysis.

LH: at least eight 3-hour sessions per semester

PR: ENGI 5865

8868 Computer and Communications Security examines the techniques used to provide security in communication networks and computer systems. The course focuses on topics in cryptography required to provide privacy, authentication, and integrity, including symmetric key ciphers, public key ciphers, message authentication, and digital signature schemes.

PR: ENGI 6876

8879 Digital Communications is a review of baseband transmission and basic digital modulation schemes, detection (optimum receiver; matched filter, correlator), error performance, intersymbol interference (ISI), equalization, the concept of information and entropy, source coding including Huffman coding and linear predictive coding, channel coding including block and convolutional error correcting codes, modulation and coding trade-offs, bandwidth and power efficiency.

PR: ENGI 6871

8894 Real-time Operating Systems examines real-time process scheduling; memory and device management; I/O communications; real-time systems; operating system and hardware concurrency issues; kernel architectures; device drivers; and a survey of available real-time operating systems and embedded platforms.

CR: the former ENGI 7863, Computer Science 4721

PR: ENGI 7894

8903 Mechanical Systems examines mechanical systems design; system simulation, control, and optimization; design optimization and system
8911 Corrosion and Corrosion Control examines forms of corrosion; the electrochemical nature of the corrosion process; the mixed potential theory; Puraix diagrams and Evan diagrams; corrosion testing, control use by use of materials, selection, cathodic protection, inhibitors, and coatings. There are case studies of selected corrosion problems.

PR: ENGI 8962
LH: at least five 3-hour sessions per semester
PR: ENGI 7911

8926 Mechanical Design Project II is the second of two capstone design courses in the Mechanical Discipline. Building on skills acquired in the first, student teams each choose a unique design challenge and then proceed to generate a solution. The problem statements are often drawn from industry and, where possible, interdisciplinary interaction is encouraged (for example, with business, computer science, or other engineering disciplines). In most cases, the problem proponent will act as the “client” and the team is expected to manage the client interaction process as well. Significant emphasis is placed on both oral and written communication of both the process and results. Wherever possible, each system or a critical component of it, will be prototyped and tested.

CR: the former ENGI 8936
LC: scheduled as required
LH: scheduled as required
PR: ENGI 7926

8933 Fatigue and Fracture Mechanics is an introduction to fatigue and fracture analysis of metallic components, failure mechanisms, fracture mechanisms, effects of cracks, notches, collapse; linear elastic fracture mechanic analysis; design of components to avoid fracture; fatigue crack propagation, fracture initiation, crack arrest; and fracture toughness measurements.
PR: ENGI 5931

8935 Pressure Component Design examines traditional design methods; load types; sustained, cyclic, impact; failure modes and mechanisms; incremental collapse; plastic shakedown; upper bound and lower bound approximations; loa cycle fatigue; and rational design procedures. Case studies are conducted for cylinders, plates, shells.
PR: ENGI 8935

8937 Machine Dynamics begins with a review of Newton’s Law, planar rigid body kinematics and kinetics. Topics include three-dimensional kinematics and kinetics: orientation angles, rotation matrices, Euler’s equations, Lagrange’s and Hamilton’s equations, constraints, dynamic simulation of linkages, mechanism loads, balancing, design and operations of engines. There is a student research project.
PR: ENGI 5931

8945 Production & Operations Management is an overview of production and operations management, and an examination of decision making and operations strategy; process design and improvement, process flow analysis/simulation, capacity planning; design of value chains, lean systems, plant layout and process planning; operating value chains, MIS systems, inventory and resource management; Relevant computer laboratory exercises are conducted.
CR: the former ENGI 7945
PR: ENGI 8945

8961 Fluid Structure Interactions examines structural vibrations generated by fluid flow. These vibrations can be transient or they can take the form of instability or resonance. The course deals with the following fluid structure interactions: (1) Flow induced vibration of structures (2) Unsteady flow in pipe networks (3) Water wave interactions with structures.
CR: the former ENGI 8904
LH: at least three 3-hour sessions per semester
PR: ENGI 6961, ENGI 6933