Principles of Adult Learning

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Adults learn best when the learning:	As a teacher, you can:
Is autonomous and self-directed	 Involve learners in the learning process Give them opportunity to direct what they need to know Create educational contracts Anticipate needs beyond those identified by learners
Is directed towards a goal	 Show learners the big picture from the beginning Provide clear and specific objectives Ground learning in practical outcomes
Is relevant and practical	 Base learning around cases and problems from practice Use real-life teaching situations Provide examples from your own experience
Acknowledges learner's experience	 Realize that learners have much to contribute to knowledge and skills already Know your audience Assess prior learning by KWL what do you KNOW what do you WANT to know what did you LEARN
Matches learner's style	 Teach in a variety of modes visual, auditory, hands-on active + reflective big picture + steps practical + theory solitary + groups Recognize your own biases
Is active	 Encourage thought and interaction Ask questions Hands-on application Demonstrations
Provides feedback	Give constant timely feedbackBalance positive with negativeAlways be respectful
Takes place respectfully	 Be courteous and patient Learn and use names Show value in all contributions

Reference:

Collins, J. (2004). Education techniques for lifelong learning: principles of adult learning. Radiographics, 24(5), 1483-9.

Thanks to Dr. Vernon Curran for providing the original material in a different form.