

THE SIXTEENTH W.J. BLUNDON MATHEMATICS CONTEST*

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1. Solve each of the following equations:

(a) $\log_{\frac{1}{8}} \left(\log_{\frac{1}{4}} \left(\log_{\frac{1}{2}} x \right) \right) = \frac{1}{3}$ (b) $\log_3 x + \log_9 x + \log_{27} x = 11$

2. Give three values of x that give the same value of y for

$$y = 9x^{100} - 4x^{98} + 198.$$

3. If the arithmetic mean of $x^{\frac{1}{2}}$ and $x^{\frac{1}{4}}$ is 6, find x .

4. If \overline{AB} is a diameter of a circle, a tangent to the circle at D meets AB extended at C, $BC = 5$ and $DC = 8$, find the diameter of the circle.

5. Functions f and g are defined by $f(x) = \sqrt{10-x}$ and $g(x) = \sqrt{x-4}$. Find the domain of the composite function $f \circ g$.

6. Solve: $16^x + 32 = 9 \cdot 2^{2x+1}$.

7. How many two-digit numbers are such that the difference of the number and the number with the digits reversed is a perfect square?

8. How many positive real numbers are there that satisfy the equation

$$x + \log_x 2 = 1?$$

9. Find all ordered pairs (x, y) of real numbers that satisfy the system

$$\begin{aligned}\sqrt{x-y} &= x+y-7 \\ \sqrt{x+y} &= x-y-1.\end{aligned}$$

10. Semicircle ACB has AB as its diameter. Its centre is O. The tangent at B meets the tangent at C at the point B'. Prove that $AC \parallel OB'$.



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