

1. The Monod equation describes the growth rate μ of bacteria (as a percentage) in relation to substrate concentration.

$$\mu = \mu_{max} \left(\frac{S}{S + K_S} \right)$$

S = substrate concentration (mg / liter)
K_S = half saturation constant (mg / liter)

$$\mu = \frac{1}{S} \frac{dS}{dt} = \% \text{ hour}^{-1}$$

μ_{max} = maximum rate of bacteria growth
 μ_{max} has units of % per hour

Fill in the dimensions	M	L	T
μ	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>-1</u>
μ_{max}	—	—	—
S	<u>1</u>	<u>-3</u>	<u>0</u>
K_S	—	—	—

Write a data equation for an observed value of $\mu = 0.95/\text{hour}$ (95% per hour), given
 S = 20 mg/liter
 $K_S = 2 \text{ mg/liter}$
 $\mu_{max} = 1/\text{hour}$ (100% per hour)

$$\underline{\hspace{2cm}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

Observed = Model value + Residual

2. Convert 15 kilometres travelled in 2 hours to speed in metre/second.

3. Complete the following computation.

$$(15 \text{ m})^{1.4} = \underline{\hspace{4cm}}$$